BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIII—NO. 121. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR.

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

jan15-1yr

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet St, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

MALLETTE'S ADDITION TO

PORT ANGELES.

This being a portion of the finest land in Clallam County, we need not further describe it. All investors who have followed us for the last two years will know we give good values. The new County Road runs through the property. The land is first class.

PRICES—$125, CORNER; INSIDE, $100.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE

mar18

Foul Bay.

T. G. RAYNER

HAS FOR SALE

Half acre blocks and building sites at Foul Bay.

The scenery is so grand we cannot describe it. Call early and we will drive you out to see it.

We have also a complete list of desirable properties in Farms, Building Lots, 5 and 10-acre Blocks, and can furnish you with a first-class investment.

T. G. RAYNER, TROUNCE AVENUE,
Stock and Share Broker. ap2

ALL SIDES OF A BARGAIN.

The clothes we sell will give you a good front, and don't go back on your back. As regards your sides, they look all right on the right, and you never get left on the left. In fact our clothes are bargains all over.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
Telephone Call 563. 35 Johnson street.

FURNITURE FOR SALE

The nearly new Furniture of a small house, and Piano for sale, and

HOUSE TO LET.

Centrally situated. About ten minutes walk from post office.

Address in the first place by letter,
m4-1w "D," COLONIST office.

FOR SALE.

1 BULL, six milch cows. Apply
MRS. M. SHAW,
m4-1m-d&w Old Esquimalt Road.

TO RENT.

PLEASANTLY situated, a comfortably furnished bedroom for a gentleman. Apply "M," at this office. m4

FOR SALE.

DRY CEDAR LOGS AND POSTS—white pine and Douglas fir saw-logs, and seasoned cordwood. Four miles by water and seven by road from Victoria.

Apply Box 317, Victoria.
May 1st, 1890. may2-3mo-dw

LOST—A small bunch of keys, between the Post Office and Douglas street. Reward at this office. my2-3t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one of the islands now owned by the Government of British Columbia, and situated in Ganges Harbor, Salt Spring Island. HENRY CROFT.
May 3rd, 1890. m4

PLANTA, NORRIS & ANDERSON,
Real Estate Agents,
TROUNCE AVENUE
P. O. Box 453. ap11-1mo

W. H. DANBY,
Notary Public & Real Estate Agent,
57 GOVERNMENT STREET.
P.O. Box 314. Telephone 474. jan12

VICTORIA RICE MILLS,
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
—MILLERS OF—
China and Japan Rice,
Rice Meal, Rice Flour,
Chit Rice, Etc., Etc.
jan7

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder,
10 BROUGHTON ST.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION of British Columbia Medical Council will be held in the city of Victoria on the 6th day of May next. Full information by applying to
G. L. MILNE,
ap24-td Registrar and Secretary.

ROBINSON & CO.
58 Fort Street,
REAL ESTATE
AGENTS. m2

A FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER
(LATE OF WINNIPEG,)
Has opened business 86 Fort street.

Good satisfaction guaranteed. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Prices reasonable.
my6-2w

WANTS.

WANTED—A good reliable girl with references, to do general housework. Apply at 215 Johnson street. my6-2w

WANTED AT ONCE—A nurse girl. Apply 3 St. Lawrence street, James Bay. my6-tf

WANTED—A girl to assist in light house work and care of children. Apply at 55 Johnson street my6-tf

WANTED—A quick, reliable transit man. Apply to W. E. DEVEREUX, Central Hotel, Port Angeles. my1-6t

WANTED!

A COMMON-LAW CLERK. APPLY to DRAKE, JACKSON & CO., Solicitors, Vancouver, B. C. ap19 tf

WANTED—The Matron of Chinese Girls' Home would like to have orders, in knitting, crocheting, of children's garments, or outlining, etc. Please call at No. 100 Cormorant street. ap29-6t

TENDERS.

Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Wednesday, 14th May, for the construction of a Court House at New Westminster.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, made payable to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. In the event of a contract being let the cheque will be retained as part security for the due performance of the work. The cheque will be returned to unsuccessful competitors, but will be forfeited by any bidder who may decline to execute a contract if called upon to do so.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and forms for tender obtained, at the office of Geo. W. Grant, Esq., Architect, New Westminster, or at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 30th April, 1890. my1

Estate of F. H. ROBSON, of Kamloops, in Liquidation.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to Thursday, the 15th day of May, for the purchase of the following undermentioned property belonging to the above estate, viz.:

1st. Stock of merchandise and furniture in store, a complete list of which can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or on the premises at Kamloops.

2nd. Store building, including fixtures, and lot upon which it is situated, being lot 8, block 30, town of Kamloops.

3rd. For corner lot in block 4, 100ft x 256ft. (fronting on three streets,) with frontage of 256 feet on First Avenue, Kamloops.

A separate tender is requested for each of the properties enumerated.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. W. C. Martin, at present in charge of the premises.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. P. RITHET,
Assignee of the Estate.
Victoria, B. C., 21st April, 1890. ap22

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to noon, May 7th, for the erection of a three-story Business Premises to be situated facing the corner of Yates street and Commercial alley.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ap23-td Architect.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

RESIDENT MEDICAL OFFICER.

APPLICATIONS FOR THIS POSITION at the above Institution will be received up to the 3rd day of June next, at 6 p. m.

All applications are to be made IN WRITING ONLY, stating age, qualifications, copies of testimonials, if previously engaged in hospital practice, and what remuneration has hitherto been received by applicant in such position.

Applications to be marked "Resident Medical Officer," and addressed for the new Board of Directors to

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon. Sec. pro tem.
Victoria, B. C., 3rd May, 1890. my1-td

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

NURSES.

APPLICATIONS FOR THE POSITION of Superintendent Matron and Nurse, and three under nurses, for the above Institution will be received up to the 3rd day of June next, at 6 p. m.

All applications are to be made IN WRITING ONLY, stating age, copies of testimonials, if specially trained, where previously engaged, and the amount of remuneration hitherto received for such services.

Applications to be marked "Nurses," and addressed for the new Board of Directors to

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon. Sec. pro tem.
Victoria, B. C., 3rd May, 1890. my1-td

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

TO CONTRACTORS FOR SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED for supplying the above Institution for 15 months from 31st May, 1890, up to 30th June, 1891, for the following articles, to be delivered free:—

Meat, Vegetables, Bread, Milk, Drugs, Medical Appliances, Coals and Groceries, and to be of the best qualities, similar to the articles supplied to the present Royal Hospital.

All tenders to be marked for the special article tendered for therein, and directed to the undersigned for the new Board of Directors, not later than 3rd day of June next at 6 p. m.

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon. Sec. pro tem.
Victoria, B. C., 3rd May, 1890. my4-td

For Fort Simpson and Way Ports

THE STEAMER

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Will sail for the North on

Wednesday, 7th May, at 1 p. m.

FROM JANION'S WHARF.

For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
my6 Agent, Government St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—a situation as housekeeper where a servant is kept, by a married lady with one child aged six. Unexceptionable references as to experience, capabilities and character. Salary at the rate of $250 a year. Address "N. W.," COLONIST office. my7-1w

LOST—A pocket book containing between $50 and $75 in bills, a cheque for $30 in favor of C. W. Minor, on Garesche, Green & Co., blank order forms on the Goode Bicycle Co. of Brampton, Ont. and receipts. Anyone returning the same will be liberally rewarded.—C. W. MINOR, with Pennock & Clayton, Government street. my7-2t

A CARD OF THANKS.

THE undersigned wishes to express his warmest thanks and appreciation of the generous support given by the citizens of Victoria to the several performances of "HERMINE" by the Victoria Amateur Operatic Company, but more especially on the occasion of last evening's presentation. He would also express his sincere obligations to the ladies and gentlemen of the combination, one and all, for the warmly unanimous spirit in which they worked to make last evening's performance a success.

my7-1t E. PFERDNER.

MILLINERY.

NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVED,

A fine line of pattern Hats and Bonnets, new flowers and trimmings, which have been introduced and selected since the season opened.

MRS. WHITLAW'S,
35 FORT STREET. my7 1m

FOR SALE.

A FARM OF 3.0 ACRES AT SPALLUMCHEEN, known as "Furstenau's," with buildings, outhouses, etc. This property presents an opportunity for speculators or as a valuable farming investment, being situated on the line of the Shuswap and Okanagan Railway now under construction, and will be sold either as a whole or in subdivisions of not less than 100 acres each. Tenders for the whole or subdivisions as stated will be received by the undersigned, or Mr. Henry Seydell, Spallumcheen, either of whom will give full particulars of the property and terms of sale.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
Real Estate Agent,
my7 57 Government street, Victoria.

G. A. McTAVISH

Has just received a consignment of choice 2 year old roses—La France, A Gounod, Baroness Rothshild, etc. New snow-white Gladiolus, Dble Begonias, Clematis, named varieties, Rosa rugosa, Weeping Lilac, and a collection of hardy, ornamental

SHRUBS AND PLANTS

JUST FIT FOR PLANTING.

Constantly on hand—plain and fancy flowerpots, vases, trowels, syringes, pumps, English "Sphineter Grip" hose (lasts twice as long as any other), Cut Flowers, wire designs, insecticides, plant foods and everything required for the garden or greenhouse

STORE AND NURSERY, PARK ROAD.
nov21-6mo

COOKING BY GAS

No Heat! Dirt!
Ashes or Kindling!

THE undersigned, by an arrangement with the Gas Company, are prepared to put in gas stoves at cost price.

The cost of gas for cooking and heating purposes has been reduced to $1.25 per M c. feet, at which price it will be found

Cheaper, Cleaner, and More Convenient than coal or wood.

Stoves may be seen in operation at our store, and housekeepers should give the new fuel a trial during the warm weather.

BRADEN & STAMFORD,
Cor. Fort and Broad streets.
my6-1m

ROAD CLOSED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Gorge Road, between Garballey Street and the City Boundary will be closed from traffic on and after Wednesday, 7th instant, during the construction of a new bridge.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 5th April, 1890. my6

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.

Those wishing to improve their Herds should communicate with the undersigned, who has always on hand choice thoroughbred and high grade Durhams.

MORRISON & ADAMS,
Sunnyside Farm,
me14-1y Alexandria P. O.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jan1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE.

THE Institution of Milton Lodge, Sons of St. George, will take place on

Wednesday, the 7th, at 7:30 p. m.,

at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street. All Englishmen desirious of joining will present themselves on that night.

By order
m4-td PRESIDENT.

ALL ENGLISHMEN

INTERESTED IN FORMING A LODGE of the SONS OF ENGLAND Benefit Society are requested to attend a meeting to be held Thursday next, May 8th, at 8 p. m., in Pioneer Hall, Broad Street.

REV. H. P. HOBSON,
my3 District Deputy.

A WELL furnished bedroom to let in a small family, within five minutes of Post office. Home comforts, bathroom, &c. J. H., COLONIST office. m4-1m

CORDWOOD FOR SALE. TEAMING of all kinds contracted for.
Telephone 39. T. J. LINDSAY.
my3

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. *Never fail.* Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health and Money; take no other.

Sent to any address, secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address—

THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,
Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY
E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
f n o28-dw-r1y Sole Agent for Victoria.

"AS IN A LOOKING GLASS."

British Columbia's Natural Resources Should be Developed.

An Interesting Chat With One of the Many Who Visit Us—British Columbia Before All Other Countries.

"To see ourselves as others see us."

This can easily be done by gaining the impressions which we make upon others en passant, or sojourning among us for a short period. Often these "impressions" are very interesting to those concerned as well as the outside world. Take, for instance, a gentleman who has travelled the length and breadth of the Dominion, the States, particularly the Western, and who has seen a great deal of European life, as has Mr. Octavius Newcombe, who is now in the city. It will readily be guessed from his name, that he is the head of that large and prosperous firm which manufactures the well-known Canadian piano, the Newcombe, and whose head-quarters are in Toronto, Ont. Mr. Newcombe was yesterday disturbed by that ubiquitous infliction on humanity—a reporter. The gentleman was luxuriating in the shade of the Driard hall, and reading, what is good to read, THE COLONIST. Complimenting Mr. N. upon his mental acumen, the infliction engaged him in conversation, in the course of which Mr. Newcombe said: "I have gone pretty well round the northern half of this continent, from Newfoundland to Vancouver, from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Mexico, and for a new country I prefer British Columbia to any other that I have ever seen. I think it

ONLY NEEDS BRAINS AND INDUSTRY

to make a successful venture out here. In the great North-West like in many of the Western States, they are rich in regard to land, but if they could divide the industries up, say into four parts; one quarter coal, one quarter forest, one quarter iron, and one quarter agricultural land, the country would be far richer. This would represent British Columbia to my mind. The British Columbian seems to be contented with taking up Crown lands at a very nominal figure, and holding town lots for a rise. So far as its natural resources are concerned, the country should be the Great Britain of America. It has all that is required to build either a house, and its contents, or a ship with its machinery and requisite power. Analyse a ship and you find it composed of wood, iron and coal—British Columbia has all these. And the iron and coal together are what have given to Great Britain its commercial supremacy. All that seems to be needed here are men with enterprise to develop these resources. Lumber has been taken hold of, and many new mills are being established, and I am told that an American company has already begun to develop some iron mines in this province, combining the iron obtained here with their own and sending it back to Canada as pig iron. For so young a country, this is remarkably well advanced in social, educational and religious matters, taking as samples such new cities as Vancouver and New Westminster. The building of a railway bridge across Seymour Narrows is going to be a costly undertaking, but it seems to me that the

PROSPERITY OF VICTORIA IS ASSURED

as it is, without that at all. The prospects of commerce with Australia and Japan that will be opened up as soon as the steamships are built, Victoria will be the first point of entry and the last point of departure, and on account of its accumulated capital, it will no doubt get an important share of the benefit to be derived. I look upon the fact of this being the terminal city in the march westward. People coming to Vancouver will always like to come a little farther, but when they get to Victoria they'll have to stay or go back because they can't go any further. One thing I have noticed brought out in the newspapers here, and which seems to me to be singularly shortsighted—every one acknowledges that the low-lands are particularly adapted to the growing of early crops, and the high lands to fruit culture, and that it is very desirable to secure a farming class to raise the natural food products of the country. Now the present state of the tariff is such that any industrious farmer cannot fail to be successful. Picking out one product alone—hay—he gets $20 a ton for it, and has no competition from the Northwest on account of the cost of freight in bringing it down. If he turns his attention to fruit he has railway communication with the Canadian Northwest, where there is difficulty in raising it, and it would find a rich market there as well as here. Now, if, as they contend, the slight barrier to the introduction of American fruit were raised, then the inducement to the farmer to settle here would be removed. So it seems to me that it is very desirable to let the eastern farmers know what sort of a country this is so as to

SECURE THEIR SETTLEMENT HERE.

The same view I take in regard to manufactures. Anyone that has looked into the subject knows that the growth of cities arises more frequently from the concentration of manufacturing interests than from having good agricultural surroundings. And as British Columbia is so rich in timber and natural resources that are usually required in manufactures, it seems to me that the tariff, as it now stands, is eminently adapted to draw those interests here, if the natural advantages of the country are brought with sufficient clearness before those who are engaged in those pursuits. If British Columbia is so rich in minerals as we are given to understand, it seems a great pity that such enormous sums of British capital should be allowed to go into mining in foreign countries like Africa and the United States, while a profitable work could be done here.

"Let's come nearer home, Mr. Newcombe, and learn what you think of Victoria particularly."

"It looks a very attractive place for a person desiring a nice location for a residence. With the arms of the sea dividing it up, and its picturesque bridges and its beautiful shrubs, it reminds one of the south of England. Then its many drives are very pleasant. It is a little surprising, though, that a city so picturesque and attractive, lighted by electricity and equipped with such an admirable system of street cars, should have no sewage system; but no doubt with the present enterprising civic management it is only a question of a very short time before this very necessary institution is established."

CABLE NEWS.

A Great Scheme.

LONDON, April 6.—An engineer named Titley, an American, advocates a scheme in the Pall Mall Gazette for adding a large superficial space to London by bridging the Thames from London to Putney, the platform to rest upon tubular tunnels stretching from shore to shore. About five miles additional space would be added, giving room for new avenues and an electric tramway. The tunnels beneath to be lighted by electricity, with stations at intervals to accommodate the river traffic, the estimated cost to be £100,000,000.

Honoring Stanley.

LONDON, May 6.—The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, Prince and Princess Hohenlohe, the Duke of Fife, the Duke of Argyle, the Comte de Paris, and a brilliant assemblage of leaders of all classes, were in attendance at the reception given Henry M. Stanley by the Royal Geographical Society, in Albert Hall tonight. The triumphant procession headed by the Prince of Wales and other royalties, led Stanley and his colleagues into the hall, which was packed. As they entered, the assemblage rose en masse and applauded the explorer. The president of the society welcomed Stanley and his companions and presented them with medals. Stanley thanked the society on behalf of himself and colleagues, and proceeded to narrate his adventures in Africa, assisted by a huge chart upon which he traced his route.

Shocking Revelations.

VIENNA, May 5.—The entire staff of the doctors, superintendents and wardens of the great government insane asylum at Pressburg have been placed under arrest in consequence of the disgraceful acts of cruelty and barbarity brought to light by the committee on investigation. The latter has been appointed by the minister of the interior in deference to a popular outcry concerning the surprisingly frequent deaths that took place in the establishment. The scandal attracts widespread attention in consequence of the high social rank and prominence of many of the victims. Thus the Countess of L——, a lady who previously to her dementia, was well known as a great leader in the court and official circles here, and whose husband died a few months ago, was shown by the testimony of certain warders themselves to have been tied by her magnificent long hair to the window tree, and after having been stripped, to have been flogged and shamefully ill-treated by several male and female attendants. Joseph Von Zolifal, the well-known pianist, died in two hours after being subjected to a flogging, in the course of which three of his ribs were broken. It is indeed the outcry made by his widow which has forced the government to act in the matter. She insisted on the surrender of her husband's body by the asylum authorities, and caused it to be submitted to an autopsy, which revealed the traces of the terrible ill-treatment. Chehalser Von Schwatz, whose brother recently went to the United States with a considerable amount of government money which he had embezzled while occupying a high position in the ministry of the interior, was likewise done to death in the most shocking manner by the inhuman keeper. The revelations in connection with the affair have created the most painful sensation throughout the empire, for the Pressburg asylum has always been regarded as the model establishment of its kind.

WESTMINSTER SPECIAL.

The Victoria, Saanich and Westminster Railway Project.

The Carpenters' Strike Still On—The Fraser Threatening to Burst Into the Sumas Valley.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., May 6.—The carpenters' strike is still on, but the situation has somewhat changed today. All the contractors, with three exceptions, have signed to return to the nine hour system, and their men have been given permits by the brotherhood to return to work. The boycott against the firms holding out is still strictly maintained. The victory of the men will be complete.

A deputation of directors of the Victoria, Saanich and Westminster railway waited on the mayor and council this afternoon, and laid the scheme before them. The directors declared their ability to have the road constructed and in running order before the end of the year, and wished to know what assistance Westminster would give the project. The mayor replied that the matter would be considered at an early date and every consideration given it.

The weather is very warm and rain is badly needed.

The river still continues to rise, greatly lessening the chances of a June flood.

The Fraser river at Sumas Landing has only another hundred yards to eat away, and then the river will burst into that fertile valley and find an exit to the sea through American territory. The bank is being eaten away every day, and unless prompt measures are taken the narrow strip will be gone before fall, and possibly much sooner. Increasing alarm is fell in the neighborhood of Sumas.

Dr. Cronin's Final Burial.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Fully 5,000 people attended the ceremony of placing the body of the late Dr. Cronin in its last resting place at Calvary cemetery. The floral display was magnificent and the exercises touching. To-day is the first anniversary of the murder.

Baby carriages and bird cages at Cheapside.

New Books.

Syrlin, by Ouida.

The Little Chatelaine, by the Earl of Desart.

Without Love or License, by Hawley Smart.

A Society Scandal, by "Rita."

For sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

Spalding's Official Baseball Guides for 1890 for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G. Doughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or E. C. Kellogg's cor. Yates and Douglas sts, will be promptly attended to. *ap26-1y

Lacrosse Sticks and Balls, Lawn Tennis Nets, Racquets and Balls, for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

The "Queen" brand of hams and bacon, cut from Iowa corn-fed hogs, cured in granulated sugar and smoked with corn cobs, specially for those who can appreciate a good article. Ask your grocer for "Queen" brand. mar1tf

Macmunn's views of Victoria and vicinity and Canadian Pacific for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co., sole agents.

Enquire for Fernwood lots near the tramway line, adjoining Col. Dupont's residence.

Buy Fernwood lots now before the rise in prices. Easy terms. Enquire of agents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Convention for Improving the Sacramento River.

Sad Death of a Young Los Angeles Ranch Owner.

Death of One of the Oldest Sea Captains on the Coast—State of Affairs in Mexico.

Affairs in Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Messrs. W. F. Aiken & E. M. Hatch, who are interested in mining operations in Mexico, have lately returned from that country. They report that railroad building is progressing in all parts of the country, and a surveying party is now out on the projected Central American or "backbone" railroad that is to be run from the city of Mexico to Quito in Ecuador. Of the feasibility of the measure there is no doubt. An immense hotel, to be run under the American fashion, is talked of in the Mexican capital to accommodate American and English tourists. Concerning the union of the Central American States, these gentlemen said that very little was known of the movement in Mexico. It is rumored there that there will soon be another revolution in Guatemala; but they did not wish to be quoted as originating this statement.

Improving Sacramento River.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—There is some talk of calling together again the Sacramento river convention. The original object of this was to consider the ways and means for keeping the river in a navigable shape. When the convention closed several weeks ago, the adjournment was not sine die, but subject to the call of the chair. That session of the convention sent delegates to Washington, and largely through their efforts the bill now before congress appropriating $30,000 was framed. This bill provides for the commission of engineers to investigate matters, and the coming session of the convention will probably provide for furnishing information to this commission. By reason of the agitation following the Paine break in the river during the past winter a fund of $40,000 in the hands of the war department engineers was made available for repairing the break temporarily. In accordance with instructions, Major Heur last week let the contract to repair the levee. A double row of piles will be driven and brush and rock filled between. Meanwhile fully one half of the river's current enters the break and much of the country between Sacramento and Davisville remains under water. In places now only the tops of orchard trees can be seen, and of four-rail fences only the top rail is visible.

Pugilistic.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—The telegraphic announcement to the effect that Dwyer Bros., of New York, were ready and willing to back Jim Corbett against any man in the world for any amount from $1,000 to $50,000, has delighted the members of the Olympic club. Corbett, in their minds, is the champion of the world. Corbett said to-day: "Mr. Phil Dwyer proved my friend during my encounter with Kilrain at New Orleans, and since then has always shown an inclination to confer upon me every favor within his power. When I recently visited New York we met very often, and he, from time to time, assured me that he had the greatest confidence in me, and thought that I would be able to give any of the big gun's points. He offered to wager any amount on me. As to myself," concluded Corbett, "the fact that I do not propose to entertain any proposition to fight for at least a year, has been made public, except at exhibitions of the Olympic club, or at some entertainment the club members may suggest. I will not appear again in public for a year. At the end of that time I will probably seek a good backer and try my luck at genuine fighting."

Death of Capt. Hilliard.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—The death is announced of Capt. Fred Hilliard, who was one of the oldest sea captains on this coast.

A Mine Owner Shot.

FRESNO, Cal., May 6.—J. M. Cordick, a well-known citizen of this county, was shot and killed to-day by Henry Sullivan, 18 miles from this city, at the Martin mine. Particulars are meagre. Trouble over the above named mine caused the shooting.

Southern Orchards Flooded.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Secretary Rice, of the Horticultural society has received a letter from President Lelong, who is now visiting Florida, in which he states that he stopped at New Orleans and examined the orchards, which in his opinion in no way compared with those of California, and also said that most of them were from two to four feet under water.

A Sad Deathbed Scene.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—W. D. Bigelow died at the Occidental hotel last Wednesday night. He was a young ranch owner of Los Angeles, and came to this city two months ago to prepare for his coming marriage to Miss Annie Taylor. He fell sick with peritonitis, but it was thought he would recover, and it was not until Wednesday afternoon that all hope was given up. Then he resolved to marry his affianced before he died, Rev. J. Sanders Reed, rector of Trinity, went to his bedside to perform the marriage ceremony, but it was too late. The dying bridegroom was unable to make the response even by sign, and Dr. Reed turned from the marriage ritual to the prayers for the dying. Even before he had ended, the young man was dead. The anguish of the grief-stricken betrothed was piteous.

Effects of High License.

OAKLAND, May 6.—A number of saloon licenses are expiring at present, and a number are not renewing their licenses, and are going out of business on account of high license.

Death from Heart Disease.

SACRAMENTO, May 6.—Edward Murray, ex-city surveyor of Sacramento, dropped dead this morning in a saloon. He came into the place, asking for a drink, received it, and afterwards staggered back and fell on the floor. He was a native of Canada, unmarried, and probably forty years of age. Death was caused by heart disease.

Smuggled Opium.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—This morning the steamer San Blas arrived in port from Panama. When the government searchers were examining the vessel, 80 five-tael boxes of prepared opium were found hidden in the cargo. The entire amount was confiscated. It is valued at about $500. No arrests were made. This is a new direction for smuggled opium to come from, and it is supposed the drug was taken to Panama in transit by Chinese, and shipped to this port with the hope that the officials would not thoroughly search a Panama steamer.

The Strike Situation.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—At the rooms of the Builders' Association it was stated to-day there was no change in the strike of carpenters. Honey Bros., contractors, are short eighty men, that number having refused to work because a reduction in wages was threatened by their employers if only eight hours work was performed. The planing mills are running as usual, with small forces in some shops. The bench workers refuse to work unless eight hours is agreed to constitute a day's work, with no reduction of wages. The machine workers are all at their places.

Sailors Suing for Damages.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—U. S. District Judge Hoffman this afternoon rendered a decision in the libel suit brought by several sailors against the ship Reuce. Plaintiffs sued for damages for being afflicted with scurvy on account of being improperly fed. The court declared the ship liable, and referred the matter to a commissioner to determine the extent to which the sailors suffered.

Owing to a Mistake.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Frank B. Agnew, book-keeper and cashier of the South British Fire Marine Insurance Co., of New Zealand, was arrested this morning charged with embezzlement. Agnew is said to be $2,000 short in his accounts. His employers say he collected money on re-insurance from other companies and did not credit it on his books. He had been with the company ten years. Agnew is about thirty years of age and married.

LATER.—Agnew was released this evening. His employers discovered that his apparent shortage was really due to a faulty system of book-keeping.

Missionary to Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4. — Bishop Vladimer, thinks of sending Father Joseph as a missionary to Alaska next month. Rev. Mr. Joseph is a very well educated man, having graduated from the university at St Petersburg. He will probably go to Killisnoo. Bishop Vladimir has already sent one missionary to the Aleutian Islands in person of Rev. Mr. Georgia, who has succeeded in converting between 400 and 500 of the natives in one year.

The China Steamer.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—The steamer China is scheduled to arrive from Hong Kong Saturday next. The exact number of Chinese passengers that she may have on board classed as in transit cannot be given. Collector Phelps, as yet, has received no notice of any change in Secretary Windom's order refusing in transit passengers of the city the right to proceed to Mexican ports, and until instructions come to hand the passengers will remain on board. It is intimated that on the refusal of Collector Phelps to accede to the request the entire number of in transit passengers will be released on a writ of habeas corpus that a test may be made.

On Trial for Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—William Sullivan, 21 years of age, and Michael Dolan, 22, were charged with murder this forenoon, the accused having caused the death of Gustave Berner, a shoemaker, who died last Monday from meningitus, caused by a fracture of the skull. Berner left his home to go to a saloon near at hand for a can of beer. On his way he met Sullivan and Dolan and jostled against one of them. An altercation followed, which was continued in the saloon. On the way back the two waylaid and assaulted him, Sullivan striking Berner on the head, it is said, with a stone.

The Fruit Harvest.

SACRAMENTO, May 3.—A message was forwarded to-day by Sergeant Barwick to the chief signal station at Washington, stating that the peach crop here is badly affected by the excessive winter rains and thousands of trees destroyed along the Sacramento river. The fruit in the upper Sacramento valley is good. Grain will average about half a crop. Grapes, oranges, apricots and cherries, good.

Cruise of the Albatross.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5. — United States fish commission steamer Albatross sailed to-day for her summer cruise in Northern waters. She goes first to Departure bay and thence to Ounalaska.

To Replace the Strikers.

RENO, Nev., May 5.—A carload of eastern iron molders passed west this morning on a special, to take the place of the strikers in San Francisco.

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—Arrived—Steamer Tillamook. Sailed—Steamer Umatilla, for Victoria; ship Wilna, for Nanaimo.

Willing to Refund.

BUFFALO, May 5.—A letter was received to-day by a director of the Press Club from its absconding treasurer, Chas. L. Lancaster. He is located in a small town just across the border in Canada. He confesses his defalcation, and asks for a chance to redeem himself and to repay the money in weekly instalments. He declares himself ready to return and stand his trial if the club insists on it. A meeting will be called to consider his case.

CAPITA NOTES.

Subsidy Granted for the Galt Line Railway.

An Exploratory Expedition to be Sent to the Mackenzie River District.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

OTTAWA, May 6.—The government will grant a subsidy of 3,840 acres per mile to the Galt line for one hundred miles of railway from Lethbridge toward the Crow's Nest Pass.

Girard brought up in the Senate the question of exploration in the Mackenzie River district. Hon. Mr. Abbott said an exploratory expedition would be sent there this year.

The Territories bill made slow progress in the Commons to-day. There is a report that the government is likely to withdraw the measure.

McCarthy gives notice to strike out the dual language clause and leave the question of education with the legislature.

The Public Warned.

MANY people are deceived into neglecting bad blood, dyspepsia, constipation, etc., and thus allow these and other diseases to become established. Act promptly by using nature's blood purifying tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters, which regulates the entire system, curing all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. wfs

THE SUPPLEMENTARIES.

One Million and a Half Dollars to be Voted.

Nearly $40,000 to be Expended in Victoria City.

A New Steamer to Replace the Sir James Douglas at a Cost of $70,000.

The Mail Subsidies to be Provided for in Further Supplementary Estimates.

No Appropriation for the Improvement of Victoria Harbor Until It is Properly Surveyed.

(From our own Correspondent).

OTTAWA, May 6.—The supplementary estimates for the next fiscal year were presented this evening. One million and a half is to be voted. British Columbia does well.

For Vancouver post office and Custom house $30,000 is appropriated.

For Victoria drill hall, the city furnishing the site free of cost, $10,000.

For Victoria post office improvement, $800.

Additional warehouse accommodation at Victoria, customs and inland revenue purposes, $1,200.

Victoria Dominion building, vault in Assistant Receiver General's office, $2,500.

Victoria military buildings, artillery barracks, $16,000.

Victoria guard room and gateway, $2,700.

Victoria examination warehouse, $6,000.

For Columbia river improvement, between the mouth of the Kootenay river and the international boundary, $6,000.

Nicomeckle river, $500.

Skeena River, $2,000.

New dredging plant for the Columbia, $5,000.

Reconstruction of the telegraph line from Ashcroft to Barkerville, $12,000.

New steamer to replace the Sir James Douglas in the British Columbia service, to be purchased at a cost of $70,000.

For Indian schools on Cormorant Island, Alert Bay, $2,700.

Kootenay Industrial school, $2,500.

W. H. Robertson, trade instructor at the Metlakatla Indian school, $1,300.

Assistant-Inspector of Weights and Measures at Victoria, to be appointed, salary $600.

Miss Harriet Fraser receives an annuity of $250, and Roderick Fraser $150, in recognition of the services of their father in exploring British Columbia.

The total immigration vote is $200,000, and $5,000 for the Jamaica exhibition.

Mr. Earle was greatly surprised at there being no appropriation for mail services. He promptly saw Hon. Mr. Langevin, who stated that further supplementaries would contain an appropriation of $15,000 for the Victoria-Vancouver and Victoria-Westminster services.

There is no vote for the Nanaimo service.

There is nothing further voted for Victoria harbor. Hon. Mr. Langevin says the government

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS. A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOV'T ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States $ 2 00
Six Months 1 25
Three Months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

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TRANSIENT ADVERTISING — Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than 1.50.

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WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

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Advertisements unaccompanied by special instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisments discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

ABOUT RECIPROCITY.

The Oregonian says that public opinion in the United States makes only a very feeble response to the declaration of the recent pan-American congress in favor of reciprocity treaties between this country and the Spanish Republics. It goes on to argue that reciprocity with neighboring nations is not beneficial to the United States as a whole. In proof of this assertion it declares that "it was proved fallacious in the case of Canada. Reciprocity with the Dominion simply opened our markets to her raw materials without materially increasing her demand for our manufactures. The benefits of the reciprocity were all on one side." This statement shows how readily even intelligent people are deceived by a misrepresentation. They too frequently repeat what they have heard without enquiring whether it is true or false. The Oregonian ought to know that there has never been a reciprocity treaty between the Dominion of Canada and the United States. The Dominion of Canada had no existence when the reciprocity treaty was entered into between Great Britain and the United States. What is now the Dominion was then a number of separate provinces, which, for purposes of trade, were as widely separated from each other as they were from the United States. The reciprocity treaty of 1854 was beneficial to the United States, perhaps, more beneficial than it was to the Provinces of British America. A reference to the trade statistics for the twelve years in which the treaty was in force, proves this beyond the shadow of a doubt.

A trade was then established between the Provinces which now form the Dominion, which has continued to flourish in spite of national jealousies and hostile tariffs.

That treaty was abrogated at the instance of the United States, not for commercial reasons, but on grounds that were almost purely sentimental. During the civil war many in British America favored the South, and were very demonstrative in the expression of their sympathy. This the people of the United States resented in the Trent affair, and the Alabama difficulty also caused the relations between the United States and Great Britain to be strained. It is well known that there was at the close of the war in the United States, particularly in the north and east, a strong feeling of resentment against Great Britain and Canada, and it was because this feeling was so active and so general that Congress, at the earliest day possible, gave the required notice of its intention to abrogate the Reciprocity Treaty.

It must be remembered, too, that the reciprocity under that Treaty was a partial reciprocity, a reciprocity of natural products only, and when the Oregonian objects that it did not increase Canada's demand for the manufactures of the United States, it finds fault with it for not doing what it was never intended to do. But even in this our contemporary is wrong, for the demand for American manufactured goods on this side of the line was quite considerable, and it went on increasing even after the Treaty was abrogated. One of the strongest arguments used by advocates of a protective tariff in Canada was that the Americans were making a slaughter market of the Dominion for its surplus manufactures, and by this means were making it impossible for manufactures to be carried on profitably in Canada.

We are a little surprised to see a United States newspaper disparaging reciprocity. The United States affords the most brilliant example of the good results of reciprocity in trade that is to be seen in the world. The trade reciprocity that exists between the different States of the Union is without doubt one of the chief causes of the wealth and the prosperity of the whole country. Californians do not enter into a minute calculation respecting the value of the commodities they send to Oregon. Neither do we see anything in the Oregonian about the balance of trade between Oregon and California, and it is the same between each State and all the others. Trade between them is as free as the winds that blow over the continent, and even freer, for there are no obstacles to prevent its taking its natural course.

If reciprocity is a good thing as between New York State and Washington State, and between California and Michigan, why should it not be good between Canada and California, or between the United States and the South American Republics? Why should not a principle which works so well over so large a portion of the continent work equally well over its whole extent? There may be political reasons why one part of the continent should forego the advantages of reciprocity in order to secure a purely national benefit, but it is difficult to see on economic grounds why the reciprocity, which produces such good results in all parts of the continent, would not work equally well if its limits were extended.

BALFOUR'S BILL.

The Irish Land Bill is the main topic of discussion among politicians in Great Britain just now. It is a scheme to enable the tenants of Ireland to purchase their holdings from the proprietors. The Government is to advance the purchase money and the tenant is to pay the Government by instalments; the period of payment is to extend over forty-nine years. The sale and purchase are to be voluntary. The bill, as far as we can learn, is not liked by either the landlords or the tenants. The landlords think it is too favorable to the tenantry and the tenants denounce it as a landlords' bill. Being condemned by both the parties concerned, it might be thought to be an impracticable measure, but that is not the opinion which competent men who have studied it carefully have formed of it. It is regarded by many as fair to all concerned—to the British taxpayer, to the Irish tenant, and to the Irish landlord. The bill is Mr. Balfour's, and he, by the way in which he defends it, has raised himself in the estimation of men of all parties.

The Secretary for Ireland is a growing man. He was first looked upon as a kind of political dude. But it was soon found that he was a man of unbending will and an opponent whom it was dangerous to attack. He is fast developing into a statesman whose ability commands the respect of even his most bitter opponents. His friends are, of course, delighted to see him working his way to the front.

His Irish Land Purchase Bill, however, does not, by any means, please them all. At a meeting of the Fermanagh landlords held in the Enniskillen Court-house on the 5th of last month, not one of the speakers expressed himself favorable to the measure, while there were many who condemned it in very strong terms indeed. The Earl of Belmore, who presided, went so far as to say that it was "an honest attempt to take another step toward settling the land question; but neither Mr. Balfour, nor anyone else, could finally settle it." Another noble lord criticised it sharply and declared it ought to be called "A bill to facilitate the expulsion of the English garrison from Ireland." Mr. J. G. C. Porter "appealed to English and Scotch members not to pass, without any due cause, this violent measure, which was sure to lead to measures of similar violence in their own country." Mr. Montgomery characterized it as "an apple to discord, which was quite unnecessarily thrown between the two classes" (landlords and tenants). He also said: "Had half the ingenuity displayed in securing the British taxpayer from risks which he ought to be ashamed to shirk, been devoted to devising the means to smooth the working of the measure and to do some sort of justice to the landlord by enabling him to get a fair equivalent for the holding value of his property in good districts, without requiring special payment from tenants in such districts, the bill might have been an acceptable one."

If the opinion of these Fermanagh landlords is the one that has been formed of Mr. Balfour's bill by Irish landlords generally, it will have to be admitted that it could not have been drawn up with the view of increasing his popularity and the popularity of the Government with that class of the electorate in Ireland. The truth seems to be that he did not seek to please either landlord or tenant, but to devise a measure which would be fair to both, and which would have the effect of settling the land question in that greatly disturbed country.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

This is the day of great enterprises. Almost every day we hear of wonderful undertakings which, a few years ago, would have been set down as sheer impossibilities. We have in our day seen this continent crossed by a number of railroads. One ocean canal has been completed and two others have been commenced. Lines of floating palaces have been established, which cross the ocean with a speed that our fathers would have regarded as little less than miraculous. Cables have been laid under thousands of miles of ocean which convey intelligence from one continent to another with the speed of lightning. Over every civilized country is a network of telegraphs of great intricacy and of enormous length.

A railway is projected to cross the Continent of Asia from the Ural Mountains to the Pacific Ocean, and now we read of a syndicate of capitalists who have undertaken to construct a railway from Mexico, through the Central American States to Costa Rica. This syndicate is composed of Englishmen. These men have not been talking merely. They have been acting. They have explored the country through which their line is to run, and they have secured concessions from several of the Central American Governments. The Northern terminus is a place in Mexico called Oaxaca; the road is to run through Guatemala, San Salvador, Honduras, and Nicaragua to Costa Rica. The country almost throughout its whole extent is productive, although we fear it is not inhabited by people who are prepared to make the most of their advantages. The length of the line from the City of Mexico to Costa Rica is some 1,700 miles. On this line there are already 295 miles constructed and in operation; 780 are being surveyed and constructed, leaving 625 still to be located.

By this new road Central America will be connected with the railway systems of the whole North American continent. So that the time is not far distant when the traveller will be able to purchase a ticket in Victoria for Costa Rica direct. But more than this is proposed. There are, as the reader knows, railroads in South America. From the southern terminus of the Costa Rican road to the northern boundary of South America the distance is about 130 miles. There are no railroads as yet in the northern part of South America, but there are roads in Brazil, Uruguay, the Argentine Republic, and Chili. Roads are being built in Bolivia and Peru. When these are finished there will be communication from Buenos Ayres to Cuzco, in Peru, a distance of some 2,190 miles. But there are about 2,200 miles of the continent to traverse before the southern boundary of the Costa Rican Railroad is reached. That gap will be crossed, one of these days, and there will be railroad communication from one end of this great continent nearly to the other. A railroad journey from British Columbia to the Argentine Republic will be worth taking. Is the man who will take it yet born? Who knows?

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

There is a paragraph in the American newspapers respecting a scandal that has come to light in Ottawa. Names are mentioned and it is made to appear that a Minister of the Crown is in some way implicated. The correspondents of American newspapers in Ottawa have earned for themselves the reputation of being outrageous liars. They invent rumors which are not even founded on fact. We therefore consider it unwise to believe any sensational story about the Canadian Government and Canadian politicians, that makes its first appearance in the United States newspapers. The chances are that there is not a word of truth in it, or that it is a big structure of lies erected on a very slender foundation of fact. We shall learn from the Dominion newspapers before very long how much truth there is, if any, in these Quebec telegrams to American newspapers. Until then it would be wise to maintain a prudent scepticism with regard to the statements, injurious to Canadian statesmen, which they contain.

A complete line of Bats, Balls, Catcher's Gloves, Mitts, Masks, and Body Protectors at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

The Best and The Cheapest.

100 doses for 100 cents, Burdock Blood Bitters.

Does your Head ache? Take Burdock Blood Bitters.

Is your Blood impure? Take Burdock Blood Bitters.

Are you Costive? Take Burdock Blood Bitters.

Are you Bilious? Take Burdock Blood Bitters.

Are you Dyspeptic? Take Burdock Blood Bitters.

1 cent a dose, 1 cent a dose, Burdock Blood Bitters. wfs

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

VANCOUVER

FIFTH SALE.

Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by

PUBLIC -:- AUCTION

AT NOON,

At the CITY of VANCOUVER

Tuesday, June 24, 1890.

The whole or part of the remaining

Lots and Blocks of Lot 540,

—COMPRISING—

219 lots 33 feet by 120 feet.
326 " 66 " " 120 "
33 Blocks, each 2 1-5 acres.

Particulars, with maps, will be issued shortly.

TERMS OF SALE:

⅓ cash; ⅓ six months; ⅓ twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum.
Crown Grants, five dollars each.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
my4 Auctioneer.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.

BANKERS,

Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers, San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

BOARDING HOUSE

QUAMICHAN.

Will be open to Visitors on and after 10th May.

House beautifully situated, overlooking Cowichan Bay, within easy reach of Quamichan and Somenos Lakes, and of Cowichan River, which afford excellent fishing.

Three miles from Duncan's Station where trains can be met by communicating with the Proprietor, SIMEON LEATHER.

TERMS—Two to Three Dollars per Day.

Postal address:

TSOUHAILIM, Quamichan, B. C.
my3-dw

$100 Reward!

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who took a horse and buggy from my stable without permission on the night of Sunday, April 20th.

ap23 M. C. HEATHORN.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we intend to make application in sixty days to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situated on the west shore of Oxtall river commencing at a stake marked B, then running 40 chains along the shore down the river to a stake marked D, to a place called Soldiers Camp, thence 40 chains in a westerly direction, thence 40 chains in a southerly direction, thence about 40 chains to point of beginning.

FRANK RYDSTEDT,
HERMANN BRANTLECHT.
Port Essington, 21 April, 1890. my4dw

MISCELLANEOUS.

DO YOU WANT

A City Lot,
A House and Lot,
Business Property,
Acre Property,
Farm Property,

-IF SO-

We have a most complete list of Properties for sale in Victoria and suburbs; the Farming Districts of the Province; Port Townsend, Port Angeles, Wash., and other points, of which the following is a

PARTIAL LIST:

2 acres Fowl Bay Road .....
2½ acres St. Charles avenue $6,000
2½ " with 2-story house on Gorge road 11,000
175 acres on Saanich Inlet 3,000
4 lots on Foul Bay road—easy terms. 1,400
2 lots on Yates street 2,500
1 lot on Foul Bay 400
1 lot on Douglas street—easy terms.. 1,100
4 lots on Menzies street (James Bay). 2,750
Lot and 2-story house on Belcher st.. 4,500
2 lots on King's road 2,500
Lot and 2 houses, Yates street 11,000
Lots in Beckley Farm (James Bay) .. 1,000
5 acres Oak Bay avenue 6,000
1 lot Humboldt st. (cor.), easy terms 1,800
4 acres and house, Lonsdowne road.. 4,500
2 acres Cedar Hill road 2,000
25 acres Saanich road 5,000
5½ acres " " 1,000
2 acres St. Charles avenue 2,400
1 acre " " (corner)... 1,400
2 lots Beacon street, James Bay, each 1,000
1 lot and large house, Chatham street, Spring Ridge—only $600 cash, balance on time 3,000
1 lot, Parry st., James Bay (half cash) 800
3 lots Vancouver and Parkington sts. 4,200
1 house and lot, North Park street—easy terms 3,500
15 acres Esquimalt road .....
2 lots Fernwood, each 400
100 lots N-Ison City, each 125
1 lot Carr street 1,000
28 acres Oak Bay avenue 25,000
2 lots James Bay, Tramway line..... 2,400
2 lots Beacon street, each 1,000
2 lots Viewfield, Esquimalt road 2,700
1 acre Esquimalt road 2,000
2 lots Johnson street and Fernwood road, each 1,000
1 acre corner Richmond and Oak Bay avenues 2,000
House and lot, North Park street..... 3,500
72 acres on Oak Bay Beach and Cadboro Bay road .....
3 lots on Vancouver and Parkington streets 4,200
2 lots Fairfield Estate, each 650
4 lots Cook street 4,500
1 lot Yates street, between Quadra and Blanchard streets 6,500
1 lot Humboldt street 4,000
Lots and Acre property, Port Angeles.
" " " Port Townsend.
2½ acres Gorge r'd, house and garden $11,000
15 acres Esquimalt road.
1 lot Carr street, near Dallas road ... 1,000
4 lots and house Lansdowne road 4,000
250 acre Farm, Active Pass 10,000
320 " " " $2.50 per acre 800
2 lots with 3 houses, View & Fort st. 1,500
155 acres Oyster Bay, line of railway, ¼ mile from sea, roads running through property 2,500
2 acres Foul Bay road, beautiful location 2,320

ENGLISH BAY.

Lot 21, Block 24—corners ..... $600 each.
" 13, " 15, ... 600 "
" 1, " 18, corners ..... 600 "
" 23, " 10, ... 600 "
" 24, " 10, corners ..... 600 "
" 8, " 3, ... 1000 "
" 9, " 9, ... 1000 "
" 10, " 9, ... 1000 "
" 11, " 9, ... 1000 "

PORT ANGELES.

40 acres section 12—2 lots block 33—1 lot block 73—6½ lots blocks 87, 88 and 93—5 acres section 9—2 blocks section 7—12 lots blk. 91, each $650—2 lots block 95, each $650—11 lots block 90 each $625—1 lot block 38—4 lots block 11, $2,000.

Lots and Acre Property on Easy Terms.

PORT ANGELES, PT. TOWNSEND, SEATTLE, WHATCOM, NANAIMO, VANCOUVER.

We can give you as good terms on all properties as desired. If you contemplate buying Real Estate you cannot do better than give us a call. Correspondence solicited.

IRVING & JOHNSTON,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Trounce Avenue, - - Victoria, B. C.

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---WHERE IS---

ABBOTSFORD?

ap23-tf

LAND FOR SALE.

JAMES BURNS,

INSURANCE AGENT

OFFICE.--No. 5 TROUNCE AVENUE, VICTORIA, B. C.

Has for sale twelve and one-half acres lying between Saanich and Gorge Roads, and fronting on Garbally Road.

This piece of land is very well situated for building sites, has been subdivided and is now offered for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Some advantages of this property are: Its nearness to the centre of the city, and to the foundries and factories on the north side. It lies between two leading thoroughfares to and from town, within five minutes walk of the tram cars. Church and school convenient. For recreation Victoria Arm is in the immediate vicinity. Within the radius of the electric light. Land high and dry, sloping gently to the south, easily drained, good soil, and in every way well adapted for residential purposes.

For plans and all particulars apply at the office of the

GLASGOW AND LONDON FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,

AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS. mc1

SEE OUR $3.00 BOOTS

LACED AND ELASTIC SIDES.

BEST VALUE

—IN THE—

DOMINION

AT ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

132 Government street, corner Johnson.

m23-dw-ly

JOHN WEILER

IS NOW RECEIVING

Baby Carriages of Latest Designs. Lancaster Window Shading, some new patterns Carpets, Linoleums. Curtains and Poles, antique Furniture of all kinds.

An invoice of Lincrusta Walton, the most popular of inferior wall decorations.

Furniture, Office Fittings and Mantels of every description made to order.

Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery and House Furnishings in the Province.

SHOWROOM: 51 TO 55 FORT ST. | FACTORY: HUMBOLDT ST.

dec 22-12m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.

ONE GREY MARE IN FOAL—Cheap. Age 7 years; weight 1000 lbs. Apply W. H. Adams, at Singer Manufactur'g Co.'s office, Broad street. ap29.1w

TO LET.

PLEASANT, comfortably furnished bedroom, private house; good locality; partial board or otherwise. For address and particulars apply to Mr. Hawkins, grocer, Fort street. ap28-1m

FOR SALE.

House and Lots on Kane st.

A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete, with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Raestreet. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n24

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

AS MRS. JAMES RUSSELL IS CLOSING out her business, the entire Stock will be sold at cost.

Embroideries, Laces, Pon-Pons, Briggs' Stamping Patterns, etc.

125 FORT STREET.

ap2

FIRST-CLASS

ISLAND HAY FOR SALE.

Delivered. Also about first April next, a lot of young pigs, ¾ Berkshire. Apply to

J. J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Or P. O. Box 302. mc9

FOR SALE!

A RARE CHANCE.

240 ACRES OF LAND, well adapted for sheep, or mixed farming, about two-thirds fenced, 12 acres of rich bottom land more or less improved, and situated 14 miles by the road from the steamboat wharf. Price $5 per acre, cash. Apply W. Grimmer, Pender Island, Plumper Pass.
ap30-1mo

CADBORO BAY.

1 Piece of 7½ Acres,
1 Piece of 2½ Acres,

Both for sale. Both lots fronting on Cadboro Bay, and commanding a most charming view. Address P. O. Box 255.
dec17-tf

FOR SALE.

THE WHOLE OF THAT BEAUTIFUL property situate at Maple Bay on the east coast of Vancouver Island, consisting of

160 Acres of Land and 13 Town Lots.

The lots are mostly planted with fruit trees which bear the finest fruit on the Island. There is a large two-story Hotel nearly new, besides the old hotel, store, etc.; also barn, granary, stables; a blacksmith shop, with a good kit of tools; a water tank of 10,000 gallons capacity, for supplying steamboats. The "Isabel" and "Rainbow" call here once a week to and from Victoria and Nanaimo.

Maple Bay is the principal outlet of the great Cowichan Valley, and is also connected by good roads with the E. & N. Railway, being only six miles from Duncan's or Somenos Stations. The bay is a most beautiful spot and is landlocked, which would make it a good locality for a saw mill. As a summer resort, having the nicest beach in the world for bathing, it is unsurpassed. The soil is composed largely of decomposed clamshells, and hundreds of chickens could be raised; while thousands of acres of hillside lands afford a chance for profitable sheep raising. There is a post office and store connected with the hotel.

WM. BEAUMONT.

Cadboro Bay Road,
Victoria, March 24, 1890. ap3-6mo-eod

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.

Real Estate Agents,

52 LANGLEY STREET.

Property for Sale on Easy Terms.

PROPERTY ON THE ESQUIMALT Road.
LOTS ON FORT, COLLINSON, ALFRED and Henry Streets.
LOTS ON FERNWOOD ESTATE AND Stanley Avenue.
LOTS ON JAMES BAY.
10 ACRES CEDAR HILL ROAD.
27 ACRES WITH HOUSE, ETC. ON Gordon Head Road.
14 ACRES WITH HOUSE, ETC., ON Gordon Head Road.
HOUSE AND LOT ON ALFRED ST.
RESIDENCES ON COOK, FORT AND View Streets.
LOTS ON BEACON HILL.
10 ACRES BURNSIDE ROAD.
290 ACRES PENDER ISLAND.
mc1

REMOVAL.

The undersigned have removed from Yates street to

96 JOHNSON STREET

During the erection of their New premises.

mc25 COLBERT & WARNER.

LOOK OUT

—FOR THE—

Great Subdivision Sale

—OF—

CITY PROPERTY

In a few days.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr

51 Yates Street.

mar16

THE WHITE HOUSE

First-Class Dressmaking

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

NEW GOODS. LATEST STYLES.

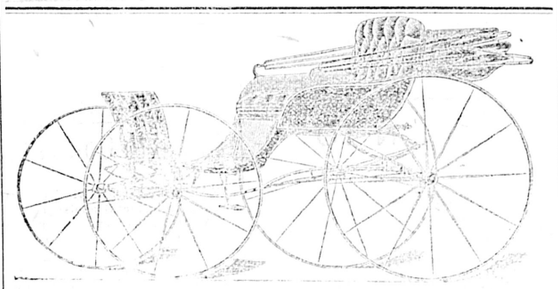
B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,

97 JOHNSON STREET.

GOOD VALUE. LOW PRICES.

mc26



CARRIAGES, WAGONS and CARTS

IN GREAT VARIETY AT

T. G. PRIOR & CO.'S,

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. - VICTORIA, B. C.

feb-1-dwly

Bryant's Addition to Port Angeles.

We are offering lots in the above Addition at $60 each. The lots are 40 x 125, and are, without exception, the cheapest in the market.

ROUTLEDGE & CO.,

52 GOVERNMENT STREET. ap16-1mo

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.

VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Corner Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

mc23

SOMERSET HOUSE.

LATEST PARISIAN SAMPLES IN

Hats, Bonnets, Feathers,

FLOWERS, LACE, AND FANCY NETS.

MRS. W. BICKFORD, 61 & 63 Fort Street.

mar26

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

Japanese Merchants and General Importers,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA,

Have received by the S.S. "Parthia" a select parcel of goods suitable for the Spring and Summer. Screens for fire-places, etc.; Paper Lanterns, Paper Napkins, Bronze Goods, more Silk Handkerchiefs, Morning and Tea Gowns, etc., etc.

All kinds of Japan Tea, both black and green.

IMPORTANT---Special Notice.

Having bought the business of Messrs. C. Gabriel & Co., "The Japanese Bazaar," 45 Government street, the fine and varied stock of Porcelain, Bronzes, Screens, Silk Goods, Costumes, Gloves, Corsets, Jewellery, Wool, etc., etc., will at once be removed to 41 FORT STREET, and marked at greatly reduced prices.

—REAL BARGAINS.—

Our great success during the short time our store has been open, conclusively proves the need of a Japanese Store where all kinds of goods can be had at a reasonable price. We are open to supply all Japanese manufactures and produce at close prices, quality guaranteed. Special consignments arranged, to any amount.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

41 Fort Street, Victoria.

NOTICE.

Re the Estate of ANNIE DEANS, deceased, late of Oakvale Farm, Victoria District.

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE Estate must be sent in within one month from the date hereof, to the undersigned, to whom all debts due to the said estate must be paid.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Bastion street, Victoria,
Solicitors for the Executors.
17th April, 1890. ap18-2w

ESTATE OF JOHN BOYD,

DECEASED.

CREDITORS ARE REQUESTED TO send in their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith to J. Burns, No. 5 Trounce avenue.

GEORGE WALKER, } Executors.
ap30-1m JAMES BURNS, }

In the Estate of the late Dr. W. Jackson.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the above estate will present the same to the undersigned for payment before May 15, 1890; and all accounts owing to the estate must be paid forthwith to me.

W. JACKSON,
April 29, 1890. ap30-1w Executor.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

ESTATE OF JOHN BOYD,

DECEASED.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned up to Saturday, the 17th inst., for the stock-in-trade of the late John Boyd. The stock consists chiefly of Wines, Scotch Whiskies, and other Liquors, carefully selected and imported direct from the best markets.

An Inventory of the above may be seen (as also the stock) at the store No. 100, Wharf Street.

Can be sold as a whole, or to suit purchaser. For anyone wishing to engage in the wholesale liquor business, the present is a favorable opportunity. The store is commodious and can be leased at a low rental. Purchasing connections are good.

Separate tenders will be received to same date, for the real property belonging to the estate; information in regard to which can be learned from J. Burns, No. 5, Trounce Avenue.

Attention is particularly drawn to a share (being ¼) of the Koksilah Mining property, situated in Shawnigan District, and comprising 1,120 acres. This property has a rare speculative value, as it is supposed to contain, and there are good indications of, coal, marble, iron, and other minerals. The timber is also valuable.

Highest or any tenders not necessarily accepted.

GEORGE WALKER, } Executors.
JAMES BURNS, }
Victoria, 2nd May, 1890. my4td

GEO. A. SARGISON,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

ap27

NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM VICTORIA, my son A. LEWIS, holds my power of attorney.

HERMAN LEWIS.
Victoria, B. C., April 17th, 1890. ap18-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHEAP

RESIDENCE PROPERTY

On Easy Terms.

CRAIGFLOWER ROAD,

VICTORIA WEST.

38 LOTS, part facing on the CRAIGFLOWER ROAD, opposite the property purchased by the late Hon. Robert Dunsmuir, commanding a magnificent view of Arm and Harbour; seven minutes' walk from the proposed Esquimalt Tram line, expected to be running by August next.

20 minutes' walk from P. O.

PRICES FROM $275.

Terms, ¼ cash; balance 4, 8 and 12 months.

FLINT & WILLIAMS

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

P. O. Box 463. 30 Fort street.
ap10-1mo

NOTICE TO Contractors and Others

Just arrived per Bark Archer a large Stock of

PLATE GLASS!

Which we are now prepared to supply at low rates.

Colored Glass, &c., Kept in Stock

J. W. MELLOR & CO.,
m25-6m Painters and Glaziers, 65 Fort St.

A BARGAIN!

FOR SALE—A NEARLY NEW AND well-finished

HOUSE AND LOT,

On Hillside Avenue, Work Estate,

One minute's walk from the Electric Tramway.

House built on stone foundation and brick cellar.

Subject to a Building Society mortgage, payable on easy terms.

For particulars apply to

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

Real Estate Brokers,
P. O. Box 438. 30 Fort street.
ap23-1w

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT certain alterations having been made to the original plan and specifications of the proposed work on James Bay Bridge, tenderers on the said work are hereby requested to consult the said alterations (which may be seen at the office of the City Surveyor) before completing and handing in their tenders.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, April 18, 1890. ap22

GRAY & DEVEREUX.

Civil Engineers & Railway, Land & Mine Surveyors.

Plans, specifications, and estimates of structures and excavation prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located.

OFFICE: Room "C," White House (up stairs), Government St. P. O. box 358. f4-6m

The Shuswap and Okanagon R'y Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A special general meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, on Saturday the 31st day of May, 1890, for the purpose of considering a resolution to be submitted to the shareholders, and if approved of by them, of passing such resolution for the issue of bonds of the Company for a sum not exceeding $25,000 per mile, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of the Parliament of Canada incorporating the said Company, and for securing the bonds to be so issued by a mortgage deed, with such powers, provisions and stipulations as may be described in the said deed, and may be approved of by the shareholders; and also for the purpose of considering such other business as may be brought before such meeting of shareholders.

P. LARKIN, President.

Dated at Victoria, this 17th day of April, 1890. ap25-td

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

Advice to Invalids—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary aches of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating system of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, etc.

"Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians that he had received a despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Manilla, to the effect that Cholera had been raging fearfully, and that the ONLY remedy of any service was CHLORODYNE—See "Lancet," December 31, 1864.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Caution—Beware of Piracy and Imitations.

Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell-square, Bloomsbury, London. mc20-6ms-law

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Langley Street, Victoria.

oct 1 y

The Esmond Hotel

FRONT AND MORRISON, PORTLAND.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTment. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.

my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

THE -:- DELMONICO

(MONS. E. ESCALET, PROP.)

The only first-class Restaurant in Victoria.

Eastern Oysters received by every Steamer.
Private rooms for ladies and family parties.

UNEQUALLED CUISINE.

Parties and Balls attended.

BOARD AT REASONABLE RATES.

Telephone No. 120. 109 Government st.
my7-1yr

THE EX-EMPRESS WON.

Real Reason of Bismarck Resigning the Chancellorship.

A Berlin cable special to the New York World, under date of April 26, has the following: The true history of the rupture between Prince Bismarck and the Emperor is just coming out, though as yet it is only whispered in dark corners. Bismarck's confidential friends who have visited him at Friedricksruhe says that the ex-chancellor is fully aware that his dismissal is directly due to the hatred of the Empress Frederick, and that he is watching his opportunity for revenge. When he strikes he will strike hard.

Bismarck's dismissal was the last shot fired in the bitter duel which has been waging for years between the ex-empress and Bismarck. The ex-empress is one of the cleverest women in Europe. Throughout the whole of her married life her ascendancy over her husband was absolute. From the moment of her arrival in Germany Bismarck recognized her ability and saw that her influence over the crown prince, coupled with her strong English leanings, would make her a powerful opponent.

Bismarck's practice in life has been to crush his opponents. He could not destroy the crown princess. His dislike of her, therefore, became hatred, which the princess returned in fullest measure. This mutual aversion developed into rancorous feud. Bismarck's influence over the present emperor caused a complete estrangement between the young prince and his parents. The princess, on the other hand, did all in her power to undermine the chancellor's authority and succeeded in frustrating many of his plans.

To be an enemy of Bismarck was a sure passport to her favor. At one time Bismarck determined to stop her intrigues and intercepted her private correspondence, a fact of which she complained bitterly and warned her family. The climax was capped when Bismarck sent Prince William to San Remo to force his dying father to sign a deed of abdication in his favor. But in this scheme the chancellor was defeated by the Princess Royal. His emissary returned empty-handed. On Frederick's accession to the throne the empress' first act was to secure the removal of the minister of the interior, Herr von Puttkamer, the chancellor's chief ally.

Soon after Frederick's death the empress, by the publication of her husband's diary, aimed the severest blow at Bismarck's reputation that he had ever received. Meanwhile a complete *rapprochement* was brought about between the emperor and his mother, who, aided by the sympathy and support of her family in England, was still further able to undermine the chancellor's position and to estrange him from the young emperor.

Bismarck can now clearly trace the hand of England's Queen and the Prince of Wales in the forces which worked to his downfall.

The strikes in Westphalia furnished the ever-watchful Empress with the chance for a fresh blow at her archenemy. It was at her instance that her personal friend, Hinzpeter, was made chief of the private bureau investigation, whose reports were diametrically opposed to Bismarck's. Later the Empress's opposition, though manifested in more trivial things, was none the less bitter or sore. Through her royal English relatives she has gradually gained almost as complete a control over her son as she had over her husband and has succeeded in swamping Bismarck with a petticoat government.

No one knows better than Bismarck that he has been defeated by a smart woman, and he winces under it, but he will soon strike back and possibly very soon.

STANDING ON CEREMONY.

Dumas, the elder, often laughed at English stiffness and reserve. One of his stories was this:

"One day Victor Hugo and I were invited to dine with the Duke of Decazes. Among the guests were Lord and Lady Palmerston—of course this happened before the February revolution. At midnight tea was handed round. Victor Hugo and I were sitting side by side, chatting merrily. Lord and Lady Palmerston had arrived very late, and there had, consequently, been no opportunity to introduce us before dinner. After dinner, it seems it was forgotten. English custom, consequently, did not allow us to be addressed by the illustrious couple. All at once young Decazes came up to us and said:

"My dear Dumas, Lord Palmerston begs you will leave a chair free between you and Victor Hugo."

"I hastened to do as he wished. We moved away from each other, and placed a chair between us. Thereupon Lord Palmerston entered, holding the hand of his wife, led her up to us, and invited her to sit down on the empty chair, all this without saying a word."

"My lady," he said to his wife, "what time have you?"

She looked at her watch and answered:

"Thirty-five past twelve."

"Well then," said the great minister, "remember well this day, at 12:35, you were sitting between Alexander Dumas and Victor Hugo—an honor which you will probably never enjoy again in your lifetime."

Then he offered his arm again to his wife, and took her back to her seat without saying a word to us, because we had not been presented."

COURAGE OF A GROUSE.

On one occasion, in company with my brother, I had gone to the woods, and was there to wait for a farmer, at whose house we had stopped over night, and who was to come on later with his fox hounds, for we were to try for Reynard that day. We had gone out of the road which ran through the forest and over a rail fence, and were standing under a large hemlock when we heard a ruffled grouse in the distance, writes a contributor to Forest and Stream. He came directly towards us and alighted on the ground about forty feet away. There was a small gully of water course between us and the bird. Before he had struck the ground he had taken about two-thirds of a circle to break his lightning-like flight. As soon as he lit he straightened up and took a survey.

He soon saw us, but instead of again flying he swelled up in a most pompous manner. Never had I seen a grouse appear larger or more magnificent. My brother looked at me and I suggested that he snap a cap at him. Neither of our muzzle loaders was charged. At the sound of the first cap the grouse slightly shook himself, but seemed to swell his breast out more. My brother continued taking caps from his pocket and snapping them at the grouse, bringing his gun up each time and taking deliberate aim until nine were exploded. The grouse seemed to like the sound and to be fascinated by it and the scene generally. The man coming down the road and the dogs alarmed him, and turning he ran several feet and took wing, and we heard him going through the thick evergreens away in the distance.

THE INVITATION WAS NOT REPEATED.

It is related that Thomas Carlyle, while on a visit to the Provost of Kircaldy, a worthy elder who conducted family worship, was one morning invited by the Provost to take the reading, and he would offer up the prayer himself afterward. Carlyle, by accident, opened the Bible at the first chapter of the Book of Job. He began to read this slowly and intelligently, pausing after some clause as if to meditate on the circumstances and take in the whole meaning. On he went, the servants wondering, the provost "dumfoondert." Yet no one dared to interrupt the sage, as his face was getting all aglow. The time passed on, and yet he was only heating to his work. After finishing the whole 42 chapters he quietly closed the Bible and remarked, "That is a marvellous life-like drama, only to be appreciated when read right through." Carlyle used to wonder that the invitation was not repeated.

HADN'T A DRESS SUIT.

An experience recently told me, says the Clothier and Furnisher, of a visit to the London Lyceum Theatre a twelvemonth since verifies the statement as to the positive rule of some of the English play houses not to admit ladies or gentlemen to the stalls unless they are in evening dress. The American had had a busy day of it, and found that it was too late to put himself into his dress suit, as was his custom when going to the theatre, and hurried off in his ordinary morning suit with his wife to witness the performance of Henry Irving in "The Dead Heart." At the box office he tendered his money for a couple of stalls. The official looked the applicant over for a moment, apparently arrived at the conclusion that he was a gentleman, and forthwith asked if he would not accept a box—a much preferable and more expensive situation—for his lady and himself.

"I make this suggestion," continued the courteous and diplomatic representative, "because, should you appear in the stalls not in full dress you would attract an embarrasing amount of notice as the only persons that had been prevented from some cause or other from observing the usual formality. I feel sure that under the circumstances you will find this box more agreeable."

"Neat way of putting it, wasn't it?" said the narrator, chipperly, "and so English, you know."

GHOSTS IN TOWN.

Haunted by Spectres—Weird Sights and Strange Sounds Seen and Heard.

"Drink only water, and ghosts will crawl under the sidewalk and die," is oftentimes good advice. But there are times when this is not sufficient to dispel the weird noises, the spectral sights and the uncanny occurrences.

In this very town are men and women who know that to "drink only water" will not drive away the ghosts which haunt them. This spectre, which to some is ever present, is no ordinary white-robed spirit. It is far more terrible. It is called weak nerves. It forces the afflicted person to acknowledge its dreaded presence. "My nerves are not quite as steady as they used to be!" "My memory seems to be failing!" "I have such a tired feeling after working or reading a little while!" Such exclamations tell their own story. They tell us that the nerves are weakened and the brain failing.

These terrible weak nerves afflicts us all. There is but one remedy, Paine's Celery Compound. It is a scientific cure for nerve weakness and brain tire. It is the only true nerve strengthener, and the only actual brain repairer. Remember that there is a future before you. It is a future of bodily and nerve strength or of weakness. Which do you choose? With Paine's Celery Compound you can have the former. Without it, your weakened powers will fail slowly but surely.

You cannot afford to trifle with weak nerves. The headache of to-day may be apoplexy to-morrow. The present twitching of your muscles may be paralysis next week. That palpitation of the heart warns you of the near approach of sudden death. All of these nervous symptoms can be removed and cured in but one way, and that is the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

SCRAPS.

Miss Kajones—It's all over between Mr. Hankinson and me, Irene.

Miss Garlinghouse—Did you have a quarrel, Laura?

"N-not exactly. He impudently snatched a kiss the last time he called—that's all."

"You resented the liberty, of course?"

"Certainly I did."

"And didn't he apologise properly?"

"No. He—said it shouldn't happen again.

George—Laura, will you share my lot? Laura—No, thanks; I've made arrangements to be cremated.

When you have said of a man that he is always on the safe side, you have usually said all that can be said of him.

An actress who gives up the stage to get married usually returns to it again, peacably if possible, forcibly if necessary.

"So you are lecturing on 'How to Abolish Poverty?'" "Yes; it was the only practical solution for the problem that I could find."

Czar of Russia (just out of bed)—What has become of my undershirt? Valet—Please your Majesty, the blacksmith's putting fresh rivits in it.

Citizen—Why don't you clean out that gang of loafers in front of that saloon? Policeman (pityingly)—Guess you mus' be near-sighted. Them's city officials.

New parlor maid—Here's a letter, ma'am, if you please. Mistress—Pray, Mary, are you not accustomed to see letters handed on a tray? New Parlor Maid—Yes, ma'am; but I didn't know if you was.

Chronic Coughs and Colds

And all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. See what W. S. Muer, M.D., L. R. C. P., etc., Truro, N. S., says: "After three years' experience I consider Scott's Emulsion one of the very best in the market. Very excellent in Throat affections." Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

A WORD ABOUT BOYS.

The Need of Good and Thorough Business or Professional Training.

In the existing state of society, with keen competition in every department of business, and scores of well-equipped men ready to snap up every vacant position that is worth any thing, it is a crime for parents to turn their boys loose upon the world without a trade or a profession. The gaining of an honorable livelihood is difficult enough with the best preparation, but to send a boy out from the paternal roof with nothing but his hands to depend upon is to consign him to a life of toil, if not of crime. There are exceptions, but they are few. Greatness of intellect and moral rectitude sufficient to overcome natural obstacles are so rare as to be scarcely recognized when they appear. Men like Henry Clay, Abraham Lincoln and Henry Wilson, all poor boys who worked their way from the lowest to the highest positions in life, can be counted on one's fingers without going over them twice.

One of the oldest and most capable business men in Pittsburgh expressed his views in regard to training boys for the duties of life substantially as follows to a reporter of the Dispatch: "If I had a boy I would no more think of sending him from home to earn his living without the necessary training to enable him to make his way against the strong opposition that he would be sure to encounter at every step than I would think of flying. I would consider it a crime against society to do so. What chance has a boy got to hold his own in the fierce struggle for existence without skill of some kind? None at all. The most he can hope for is a lowly station and a career of drudgery at manual labor of the roughest kind. He may start out with high hopes and noble purposes, but when he comes in contact with actual business affairs he will soon find that they are too complicated and precise for his crude ideas and methods. The result can not be doubtful. He will drift from post to pillar and finally bring up at the bottom of the ladder, where he will remain. He has been tried and found wanting. This is not his fault; he may have done the best he could; but it all comes from his parents neglecting to give him that training of brain and hand which is so necessary to success in this age of keen wits and sharp competition.

"Business methods have changed wonderfully since I was a boy. Then it was conducted, for the most part, in a crude, haphazard sort of manner. Nearly every thing was on a small scale, requiring no particular training or experience. Some people have the notion that it is the same now, but they are sadly mistaken. Men who were successful in business life forty or fifty years ago could hardly fill a clerkship now. Business has been reduced to a science, and its manifold complications are as hard to understand as any other branch of knowledge. A good business man in these days is competent to fill any position, public or private. More than one President has called men from the store or factory to assist in carrying on the Government. I do not care how or where a boy is trained, so that correct business principles are instilled into him. He may learn these at home, in a store, factory or workshop; I do not insist that he shall be highly educated in the learnings of schools, but I do insist that he shall be thoroughly grounded in some occupation, trade or profession. A business half learned is not learned at all. This is the cause of so many jack-of-all-trades which infest every community. They know a little of many things, but not much of any. They have to give way when they come in competition with better trained hands and brains.

"The future glory and prosperity of this country rests with the boys. They will in due time be called upon to take the places of the men who are now at the head of affairs—who are filling the offices of the State and Nation and conducting the various business enterprises for which we are so greatly distinguished. How important it is, then, that these boys be brought up so as to be competent to discharge these great duties. There is no excuse for neglect in this matter. The country is full of public schools where a good education can be obtained without money and without price. Every city, town and village has its factories, shops and stores where actual business can be learned by the proper application. Therefore, I say there is no excuse for parents allowing their boys to go forth into the world and tie themselves down to a life of drudgery, which they must do if they have neither trained minds nor skilled hands. The dangerous classes of society are composed of men who, when boys, left home without knowing how to do something. Having no skill at any thing, they seldom find employment, and then only at the roughest and least remunerative work. The result is that they first become dissipated and then criminal. This picture is not overdrawn, it is borne out by statistics, and a matter of almost universal experience and observation. I have known many naturally bright boys who, from this cause, have grown up to be drones in society. They failed in competition with men better equipped than themselves, became discouraged, and settled down in poverty and obscurity.

"These are facts which parents should take home and seriously ponder. If they have boys they should see to it that they are brought up to some honorable occupation and not permitted to spend their time in idleness, in which there is neither dignity nor profit. It will serve as an anchor to keep them from drifting with the wind, and give them a fair start in the race of life. It will not only be of lasting benefit to the boys, but will be a source of comfort to the parents, save some of them from going down to the grave with broken hearts, and be an element of strength to the country which can be depended upon in time of need. Nothing good comes from idleness, which is the parent of evil; but intelligent industry is always honored and honorable. To slightly paraphrase the sacred text: 'Train up your boy in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it.'"

Dangers of Ice-Water.

Dr. Hammond protests against the American habit of gulping down a great quantity of ice-water. He says that it induces catarrh of the stomach, which underlies a dozen other troubles, and, very possibly, cancer of the stomach. Ice, used in small quantities, is a valuable remedy, but any one had better swallow coals of fire than ice-water. It blisters and destroys the membrane. Dyspepsia is a sure consequence, and it does not even insure temporary comfort. What, then, can we do? Swallow instead an occasional crumb of ice. Reasonably cold, but not ice-cold, lemonade, is a convenient and wholesome drink. Better yet is the old-fashioned farmer's drink of one-half milk and one-half water. This is refreshing and cooling when far from ice-cold.

Don't Scorn the Humble.

We never yet knew a man disposed to scorn the humble man who was not himself a fair object of scorn to the humblest. A man of a liberal mind has a reverence for the little pride that seasons every condition, and would deem it sacrilege to affront or abate the respect which is maintained with none of the adventitious aids, and solely by the observance of the honesties.

The German Maid-Servant.

The German servant-maid receives from $20 to $70 a year in wages. The girl who gets the maximum wages is expected to do an enormous amount of work. She is often the only servant in a family of seven or eight. She rises at five o'clock and blacks the boots of all the members of the family. She prepares the light breakfast and serves it. She polishes all the brass and bronze in the house, scrubs the corridors, the front steps and the walks before the house on her hands and knees. She carries big hods of coal from the basement to the third and fourth stories. She sweeps the rooms, makes all the beds and washes and scrubs every pot, kettle and pan in the kitchen till it reflects her stolid face. She goes to market with her mistress and a big basket, and returns loaded down like a mule with vegetables, meat and earthenware. She does errands all over the city gratuitously for the family and for a couple of cents for its guests. She frequently sleeps in a room smaller than an American wardrobe and without means of ventilation. In fact, so many abuses in lodging servants prevailed in Berlin that city ordinances were passed some time ago prescribing the minimum size of apartments in which servants could

MISCELLANEOUS.

China and Japan
FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of
CELEBRATED TEA,
Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.
—ALSO—
PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,

Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,

HANG WO HING KEE,
Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street.
fy 25-12mo

RESIDENCES!
ACRES! -:- -:- **LOTS!**
ON SALE,
For CASH and on EASY TERMS

ACRES.
Foul Bay,
Spring Ridge,
Gorge Waterfront,
Saanich Road,
Burnside Road.

LOTS.
James Bay,
Victoria West,
Spring Ridge,
Craigflower Road,
—CITY—
Fort Street Extension.

RESIDENCES.
Yates street,
Johnson street,
Spring Ridge,
Belcher street,
Fort street,
North Park street,
Cedar Hill Road,
John street.

FLINT & WILLIAMS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
P. O. Box 468. 30 Fort street.
ap10-12mo

Manchester House,

NEW GOODS
Just Arrived.

Dress Goods, in the Newest Shades,
Both plain and brocaded.

A splendid line of Black Dress Silks—"Amour Royal" and "Sans Egal." These are the best brands of Silk in the market.

NEW PRINTS,
PRINTED SATEENS,

Embroidered Chambreys in all colors, with plain to match,
Hemstitch Embroideries, the newest patterns in the market, 500 pieces to select from.

Our Silk Gloves arrived to-day,
And they are Splendid.
Jerseys in all colors—a beautiful line to select from.
Blouses in flannel and nun's veiling.

The Newest Styles of Millinery
By Express every week.
This Department is in charge of MISS WADSWORTH, of Toronto.

Russian Nett for Dresses in all colors.

To arrive next week, 50 dozen of the best Kid Gloves ever offered in Victoria. Every glove will be warranted.

MANCHESTER-:-HOUSE
88 YATES STREET.
mc14-6m.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

FERRIES.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL be received by the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Tuesday, 20th day of May next, for the right of maintaining and operating a Ferry at each of the following places for one year from the 1st day of June next, viz.:—

At the points where the trail between Sproat's Landing and Nelson crosses the Slocan and the Kootenay Rivers.

The ferry right to extend five miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide all necessary appliances for the proper working of a ferry suitable for the traffic and to the satisfaction of the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. He will be allowed the use of any plant now at the ferry site, which is the property of the Government, free of charge.

He will be allowed to collect tolls at the following rates, viz.:—

For every passenger	10 cents.
" horse or mule	25 "
" spring waggon or buggy	50 "
" freight waggon	50 "
" head of cattle	25 "
" sheep, pig or goat	10 "
" one hundred pounds of freight (excepting mining machinery, which shall be carried free)	5 "

Return pack-animals and freight teams to pass free.

Tenders must state the amount of rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege, and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to sign a bond for the sum of $1,000, for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government, with their animals and freight, to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 12th April, 1890.
ap15-td

FASHIONABLE CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS TAILORING

PERFECT FITS GUARANTEED.

CHOICEST STOCK —IN— THE CITY.

PRICES REASONABLE —FOR— FIRST CLASS GOODS.

88 Government Street

THREE DOORS FROM POST OFFICE.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON

64 YATES STREET,

Will Sell the following Properties on Easy Terms:

House and Lot,	Chatham Street,	$2,800
Do.	Hillside Avenue,	6,000
Do.	Quadra Street,	6,000
Do.	Cook Street,	8,500
4 Houses and Store,	North Park Street,	8,500
8 Acres cleared,	Burnside Road,	8,000
Houses and Lot,	Humboldt Street,	4,000
2 Lots,	Cobourg and Oswego Streets,	1,350
3 Lots,	Esquimalt Road,	1,800
39 Acres,	East Saanich Road,	
House and Lot,	Chatham Street,	3,000
Lot,	Esquimalt,	900
226 Acres,	East Saanich Road,	15,000

Lots and Acres on Cadboro Bay Road, Esquimalt Road, and Gorge Road

CALL AND SEE OUR LISTS.
The most extensive in the city.

We are offering 15 acres, in acre lots, on the Fowl Bay Road, very cheap, and terms easy. Call and see place and get prices.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
26th April, 1890.

WHEREAS the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the provisions of the "Election Regulation Act," to divide Electoral Districts into Polling Divisions; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to divide the Cassiar Electoral District, as defined in the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890," into two Polling Divisions, as follows:—

All that portion of the said Electoral District north of the 56th parallel of north latitude to be one Polling Division, to be known as the "Stickeen Polling Division."

All that portion of the said Electoral District south of the said parallel of north latitude to be the other Polling Division, to be known as the "Skeena Polling Division."

By Command.

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
ap29-1w

NOTICE.

ANY PERSON REGISTERED AS A voter in any of the Electoral Districts of the Province, as the same existed before the passage of the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890," whose name would, under the provisions of the said Act, in the absence of application to the contrary, be carried to the Register of Voters for some Electoral District other than the Electoral District where any such person resides, may within thirty days of the passage of the Provincial Voters' Act (which period of thirty days will expire on the 26th May proximo) have his name placed upon the Register of Voters for the Electoral District where he resides, upon application in writing to the Collector for the last named District, subject to the provisions of the said Act.

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Dated April 28, 1890. ap29

From the Sheep to the Shop!

BOTH QUALITY AND STYLE
Command Our New Line of
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
And the Wear will convince you that the Prices are Very Low.

Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Hosiery,
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
ARTHUR HOLMES'
Corner of Yates and Broad streets.
mc8-6mo

JUST RECEIVED.

Two Carloads of Plows and Harrows,
ONE CARLOAD PAINT,
—ALSO,—
A supply of Field Rollers, Lawn Rollers, Lawn Sweepers, Etc., Etc.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF
S. E. Corner Yates and Broad Sts, VICTORIA, B. C. mar21

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

A REWARD OF TWO HUNDRED Dollars will be paid by the Government of British Columbia for such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the killing and murdering of Henry T. Sunbury, in the eastern part of the City of Vancouver, on or about the 30th day of March last.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Prov'l Secretary,
Provincial Secretary's Office,
April 2nd, 1890. ap3-1mo

NOTICE—LILLOOET DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of section 3, Chapter 15, "Consolidated Acts, 1888," the proclamation dated 22nd March, 1879, setting apart certain parcels of land situate on Pavilion Mountain, as a Common for the depasturage of cattle, has been cancelled.

JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
March 4th, 1890. ap1-1mo

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 233, in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE of Indefeasible Title to the above Lot will be issued to John Herbert Turner, on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
10th April, 1890. ap9

NOTICE.

Supply of School Furniture.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon Chief Commissioner of Land and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 31st day of May next, for supplying the Educational Department with school desks.

The desks must be of an approved pattern, with iron frames and hardwood finish in all respects fully up to the standard of a sample desk which may be seen at this office. Preference will be given to home manufacture, all points of merit being equal.

Tenders must give full particulars, and must state the price for each desk and for each rear seat delivered set up ready for use in the school-houses at Victoria, Nanaimo, Vancouver or New Westminster, in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 26th March, 1890.
mar28-2mo

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1890.

SPRING ASSIZES.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]
Victoria .... Monday .... 19th May.
Nanaimo .... Tuesday .... 3rd June.

[*On Mainland.*]
New Westminster .. Wednesday. 4th June.
Kamloops .... Monday .... 2nd June.
Clinton .... Monday .... 9th June.

FALL ASSIZES.

[*On Mainland.*]
Richfield .... Monday .... 8th Sept.
Clinton .... Wednesday. 24th Sept.
Kamloops .... Monday .... 6th Oct.
Lytton .... Monday .... 13th Oct.
New Westminster .. Wednesday. 12th Nov.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]
Victoria .... Monday .... 24th Nov.
Nanaimo .... Tuesday .... 2nd Dec.
ap1-1mo

NOTICE.

To Owners of Dogs.

Owing to the depredations of dogs at Cloverdale Farm, POISON is laid over the premises. All dogs trespassing, unaccompanied by owners, will be destroyed.

April 22nd, 1890. J. W. TOLMIE.
ap23-1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

T. D. MERRILL v. D. ESSEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all to whom it may concern, that by an order made in this cause by the Chief Justice, on the 9th April, 1890, the defendant, D. Essen, has been enjoined and restrained from selling or removing any logs or lumber cut or taken from Lot 18, Range One, Coast District, and from receiving any purchase money for any logs or lumber cut or taken from the said land, and which the defendant may have sold or contracted to sell.

Victoria, THORNTON FELL,
9th April, 1890. Plaintiffs' Solicitor.
ap10-1mo

NOTICE.—The partnership carried on under the name of Chas. Gabriel & Co., in the business known as the Japanese Bazaar, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. We hereby give notice that all accounts and disbursements connected with the late concern will be attended to by Messrs. Heisterman & Co.

CHAS. GABRIEL. F. W. FOSTER.
Witness to the above signatures:
W. MARCHANT. D. I. IMBERT.
Victoria, B.C., April 4th, 1890. ap12

NOTICE.

F. H. ROBSON, of KAMLOOPS,
IN LIQUIDATION.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the above estate are requested to send the same to the office of

R. P. RITHET & CO. Wharf st., Victoria.

in detail, duly sworn to before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace, on or before 31st day of May, 1890.

R. P. RITHET,
ap12-td Assignee of the Estate.

NOTICE.

Estate of David Bosworth, Deceased.

CREDITORS are requested to send their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith, to Miss Elizabeth Coles, executrix of the will of the deceased.

J. ROLAND HETT,
Barrister-at-Law.
Victoria, March 19, 1890. mc20-1m

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 12,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.

No. 5. Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 3. Passenger Saturdays Sundays, Mondays.	No. 1. Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	
	Ar 8.40	Ar 12.24	VICTORIA
	" 8.36	" 12.20	RUSSELL'S, Vic. W.
	" 8.26	" 12.10	ESQUIMALT
	" 8.01	" 11.45 A.M.	GOLDSTREAM
	" 7.06	" 10.50	SHAWNIGAN L'E
	" 6.56	" 10.40	COBBLE HILL
	" 6.41	" 10.27	McPHERSON'S
	" 6.31	" 10.17	KOKSILAH
	" 6.26	" 10.12	DUNCAN'S
	" 6.16	" 10.02	SOMENOS
	" 5.54	" 9.36	CHEMAINUS
Ar 7.30		De 8.34	NANAIMO (Ar)
	" 4.56	Ar 8.25	NANAIMO (De)
De 7.15	De 4.41	De 8.10	WELLINGTON

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.

STATIONS.	No. 2. Passenger Daily.	No. 4. Passenger Saturdays Sundays, Mondays.	No. 6. Passenger Saturdays only.
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
VICTORIA	De 8.00	De 3.08	
RUSSELL'S, Vic. W.	" 8.04	" 3.12	
ESQUIMALT	" 8.14	" 3.22	
GOLDSTREAM	" 8.39	" 3.47	
SHAWNIGAN L'E	" 9.34	" 4.42	
COBBLE HILL	" 9.44	" 4.52	
McPHERSON'S	" 9.57	" 5.07	
KOKSILAH	" 10.07	" 5.17	
DUNCAN'S	" 10.12	" 5.22	
SOMENOS	" 10.22	" 5.32	
CHEMAINUS	" 10.48	" 5.54	
NANAIMO	Ar 11.50	" 6.52	De 10.15
NANAIMO	De 11.59		
WELLINGTON	Ar 12.14 P.M.	Ar 7.07	Ar 10.30

On Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt
my29

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y

THE ONLY
TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE
Running Solid Trains
—FROM—
Pacific to Atlantic Coast
—CONSISTING OF—
Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars,
Elegant Day Coaches,
Luxurious Dining Cars,
Commodious Colonist Sleeping Cars—the latter free.

THROUGH TICKETS
To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in United States and Canada.
Can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

PASSENGERS BOOKED
To and From All European Points!

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address
A. CAMERON,
Freight and Pass. Agent.
D. E. BROWN, Gov't St., Victoria, B.C.
Asst. Gen'l Fr't & Pass. Ag't,
Vancouver. fe23

From Terminal or Interior Points the
Northern Pacific Railroad
Is the line to take
To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to
ST. PAUL and CHICAGO
(NO CHANGE OF CARS)
Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed,
Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers,
Of Latest Equipment.

Tourist Sleeping Cars.
Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and
Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

BRANDY
ROUYER, GUILLET & CIE.,
COGNAC, FRANCE.
For many years the Largest Holders of Brandy.

All Colonial Orders to be addressed to:—
LONDON BRANCH,
ROUYER, GUILLET & CO.,
59, Mark Lane, London, E. C.
july9-26w-tw

MUNICIPAL.

DOGS AT LARGE.

THE PUBLIC ARE REQUESTED TO take notice that all dogs found at large within the City limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provision of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall,

By order, CHAS. KENT,
Collector
Victoria, April 1st, 1890. ap2

WEDDING STATIONERY.

We have just received a Large Stock of Wedding Stationery, suitable for all classes of Wedding Cards, with Envelopes to match.

BALL PROGRAMMES.

A Large and Varied Assortment of the latest designs of Ball Programmes is constantly kept in Stock, including Pencils and Cards. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

THE COLONIST,

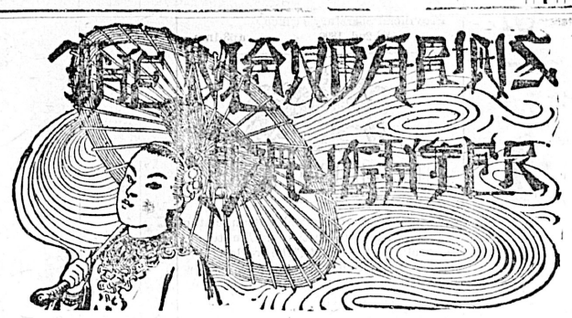
ELLIS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

PROMPTNESS A SPECIALTY

COMMERCIAL PRINTING.

Every kind of Commercial Printing, Lithographic or Letter Press, can be had at the office of The Colonist at the Lowest Rates possible, where only First Class work is turned out. Our stock of Cards, Papers and Envelopes is always most complete.



THE GREAT COMPETITION.

Sho Mai walked rapidly over the familiar fields in the direction of the house of Li Yueu Wy. She felt no fear of pursuit, for she knew well that the pirates would not return to explore the cave that day, and, in fact, would be much more likely to set sail on the following morning, firmly believing that the Chief and herself had fallen victims to the demons of the place. Her only fear was that the story of the treasure would prompt them to send another expedition better equipped for such a search, and that the party might pass through the cave and commit depredations in the outskirts of Teng Chow. This thought did not trouble her much, because a word of caution to the authorities of the city would put them on their guard.

The one serious anxiety in her mind, apart from her fear for Li Khi, was the thought of the shortness of the time that now remained to her in which to reach Peking, where the great competition for the sake of which she had endured so much was soon to begin. In arranging for their journey she and Li Khi had allowed at least a week for rest in the great city before the final trial. She had now been delayed about that length of time, but with favoring chances she might yet arrive in season.

But sad as would be the disappointment if she failed to reach Peking, the thought of it claimed only a small share of her attention. The well-known path she trod, the trees whose branches nodded to her as a friend, the distant mountain tops, the very air itself spoke a loved name, and she could hear no other sound. Amid these scenes one presence only came to her imagination. By this remembered way he had first led her to his home; here they had often walked together in the days of that strange deception by which even love was baffled for a time; and when the vail had fallen they had passed over these same green fields, and in the smiling face of nature had read the most precious of her promises. Had she mocked at them?

By thinking as calmly as she could upon the chances of her lover's safety, Sho Mai endeavored to compose her mind for the delivery of that painful message which she was bearing to Li Kean and Li Yuen Wy. She held it to be certain that Li Khi had not been captured by the pirates. He had been exposed to no dangers except those of the ocean. If his boat had fallen in with a passing ship before the storm of yesterday, he was safe. If not, he must have perished. The time had been too short to permit of his reaching land. No reasoning would solve the problem; she must wait for news. But fancy filled the place of fact, and, as she walked, her mind was busy with visions. She would see a great ship gliding toward the boat. Ropes were let down, and all were safely brought to the deck. Then she would see the storm sweep down, and a great wave would rise and dash the little craft to pieces. With such fancies would mingle pictures of the boat alone on the wide sea with no sail in sight, and the despairing men facing hunger and horrible thirst. She saw, indeed, all the dangers, and the one small hope.

With her mind in such a tumult, she at length reached the little house in which she had passed so many days happily. Li Kean sat in the doorway and started back in terror at the figure in its strange dress, the uniform of the Toyhai. The sound of the familiar voice, however, quickly reassured her, and then when the venerable father had been summoned the sad story was told and tears were shed. Sho Mai offered such consolation as she could from a heavy heart, and the thought of her own miraculous escape helped to inspire hope. It was evident that nothing could be done. Li Khi would send tidings of his safety at the earliest possible opportunity.

Seeing the grief in the little household, Sho Mai would have remained with her friends to comfort them, but to this they would not consent. That she should sacrifice the competition needlessly was not to be thought of. The old philosopher would listen to no refusal, and from his scanty savings he provided her with what was needed for her journey. She accepted his kindness, knowing that her father would requite him a hundredfold.

A ship sailed from Teng Chow the next day, and in it Sho Mai began her voyage anew. Capricious fortune smiled at last, and favoring winds filled the sails every day. The junk had never made so quick a passage, and the captain to whom Sho Mai had confided her anxiety for haste said that the Gods were on her side and that the prize she sought would be hers.

Despite the excitement and the hardships of the past few days and the fears which filled her mind, Sho Mai felt that she had never been so well fitted for the great task. The weariness of her body passed away with the rest she found on the voyage, for the free life of the past year had given her strength and health. Then the strange experience of that year had taught her lessons and had developed her mind as no mere study of books could have done. The joy of her love for Li Khi, tempered by the sorrow of her separation from him, were forces to strengthen her powers.

So she came at length to Peking narrowly in time, and yet not too late. The great day of the competition dawned, and she took her place among the forty thousand scholars who, by winning the Chin Shi degree, had qualified themselves for this final struggle. She found no trace of Li Khi, and yet he might be there, for in that multitude their meeting was but a chance.

In the remarkable hall of the Han Lin Yuen Foo the scholars gather. Its thousands of narrow, cell-like rooms, devoid of doors and built in rows upon rows like the balconies of a theater, face a great arena. Long, narrow galleries provide passages by which the cells may be reached. Each aspirant for honors is assigned a cell in order that all communication may be cut off. In the grand arena sits the Chung Yuen Foo of the royal family, surrounded by scores of secretaries. The subject upon which the competitors are to work is written in large letters and hung up in a conspicuous place where it can be seen from every cell. A sharp rap from a mace in the hand of one of the assistants brings a hush like that of death upon the assemblage. The great competition has begun.

Many a heart beat wildly with excitement as the task was begun. Many a brilliant mind was defeated by its own eagerness which unfitted it for the long labor of the battle. Among all those who strove for this high honor it is doubtful if there was one whose calmness equaled that of Sho Mai. The thrilling scenes through which she had passed, so far from unsettling her nerves, had left her in a state of quiescence which nothing could disturb. She felt that all her faculties had never been more perfectly under her control. Perhaps the despair regarding Li Khi which had gradually crept into her heart accounted in some measure for her mental state, for who has not known that strange awakening of the mind after a great disaster, comparable only to what the soul may feel when it awakens after death.

The subject chosen was one to which she had given her deepest thought. She would have chosen no other. She worked with a steadiness which was unshaken by any sensation of fatigue, though hours came and went and still the task was uncompleted. Even after she herself laid down her brush, satisfied that the best of which she was capable had been done, the work of many others was still unfinished. Three days and nights passed before the announcement was made that the last manuscript was done.

Then a small army of pages gathered up the work from each cell and took it to the hundreds of secretaries for reading. This work is done with great speed, though with scrupulous care. Each secretary reserves the best manuscripts, and these are sent to the imperial palace, where the final choice is made by the Emperor himself, assisted by the Chung Yuen Foo.

Meanwhile the competitors were dismissed, and they poured out of the great hall. Again did Sho Mai scan the faces of all who came under her observation, but without finding Li Khi among them. The disappointment was maddening, although she had not known until that moment that a hope remained to make disappointment possible. She was dazed by the failure of all her inquiries she sought wildly here and there. The limit of her self-control had been passed. Without food, without rest, she went from one inn to another in the great city, and at length wandered the streets aimlessly, scarce knowing what she did.

Before a great house in a wide street she chanced to pause, gazing up at the windows. She had no thought of seeing a familiar face; indeed, she scarcely noted any thing. She was in a kind of stupor, from which she awoke to the consciousness that a form she knew had passed before the window. Again it appeared, and stopped. Their eyes met. It was her father, Wong Che Foo.

CHAPTER IX.

A GIRL AGAIN.

When Sho Mai saw her father's face she felt that her wanderings were done. She had no other wish but to seek his presence and her mother's arms and tell the story of her flight, her love and her sorrow. She entered the house, pushed past the servants, who would have restrained her, and in a moment stood before her parents. With the changes that a year had wrought, and the strange garments, they did not know her until she said: "I am your daughter, are your hearts still open to me?"

Then, faint with hunger, weary with the great labor of the competition, and, more than all, burdened with a heavy heart, she fell at her father's feet. He was so overpowered with astonishment that he stood for a full minute staring into her face; but the mother's eyes were quicker to recognize her child, and coming quickly forward she raised the fainting girl in her arms. Then the ex-Prefect gathered up his scattered senses and assisted in carrying Sho Mai to her mother's apartment.

When Sho Mai awoke next day after a long and heavy sleep she found her mother standing by her side. For a moment she lay wondering where dreams stopped and realities began. The whole eventful year she was half persuaded to place among the visions which had hovered around her pillow during the preceding night. For the year had left little trace in outward things. She was at home again; she was to be a woman once more with all the restrictions about her from which she had fled. She looked forward to this prospect, as the realities of life came back to her, with neither fear nor hope.

She knew that in her own heart and not in outward conditions she would find the weariness of life.

Physically she was much refreshed by the long slumber. There was no trace of the illness which her mother had feared might follow the excitement through which the girl had passed. She arose and donned the unfamiliar garments of her sex and went to meet her father, who waited in no little impatience to hear her story.

She told it simply, and with little emotion, though the narrative was almost too exciting for her mother to bear, and made the ex-Prefect's heart leap more than once.

"My child, are you not happy to be with us once more?" asked her mother, when Sho Mai concluded.

"I am not happy, mother," said Sho Mai, "and I shall never be again; but I have accomplished that for which I made this visit to the world. I have seen it and learned its lesson. In one year it has taught me all that the profoundest philosopher could learn in a hundred years. Ambition and fear and hope and love—I have known them all and the end of them all, which is disappointment. The whole world is in that word, and those who learn its meaning so thoroughly that they can neither strive nor hope nor fear nor love any more have solved the riddle, and may rest from their labors. This is the philosophy of the unhappy; the fortunate may have one of their own, but I shall not need to know it."

She laughed bitterly at her trite summary of the world's lesson, and then, burying her head in her hands, she wept.

Her parents exchanged glances but offered no consolation, feeling that time must do that. From the street came a sound of a loud voice rising above the ordinary noises of the city.

"What is this outcry?" asked the mother.

"It is the hour of noon," said Wong Che Foo, "and according to the custom the heralds of the Emperor are announcing the result of the great competition. Listen and we shall hear the names."

The voice drew nearer. Suddenly Sho Mai sprang to her feet, and rushing to the window struck it open with a

MEETING OF THE LOVERS.

blow that nearly shattered it. One moment she stood there; then, throwing back her head, while her eyes shone like diamonds, she exclaimed: "Do you hear that name? Li Khi; he lives! We shall meet again!"

There was a commotion at the door, which was suddenly flung open, and a young man entered breathless and unannounced. It was Li Khi.

"Sho Mai," he cried, "I fall at your feet. My love and admiration for you go hand in hand. The honor is deserved."

"What honor is deserved? The honor of your love? I will strive all my life to make it so."

"Did you not hear the heralds? They were shouting—"

"I heard only one great voice which cried: 'He lives! he lives!'"

"But they announced a certain Wong Tien Pow," said Li Khi, smiling, "as the victor, the Chuen Yuen. It was the sound of your name—or the name you chose to bear—which hastened my steps hither. I had just learned of your father's presence in the city."

"I did not note what the heralds said," returned Sho Mai, "except that your name was called for the second honor, the Pon Yuen."

"Is it possible?" exclaimed the young man, in amazement; "and I heard only your name. I did not listen for the rest.

SHO MAI CROWNED BY THE EMPRESS.

But let us take it as a good omen that each should be the first to tell the other of the honors won."

This conversation, despite the presence of the ex-Prefect and Mme. Wong, was spoken with clasped hands and interspersed with lover's greetings, to the great amazement of the beholders, and at this point the ex-Prefect demanded an explanation. It was not hard to give since he had heard Sho Mai's story. In the presence of the honors both had won he could not be severe; and, indeed, he had so sympathized with his daughter in her sorrow for her lover that he shared her joy in his return. It really looked as if Sho Mai would have to learn the philosophy of the fortunate, despite her denial of its usefulness.

The ex-Prefect was called from the pleasure of bestowing a paternal blessing by a thought of the difficulty which lay before him in making his daughter's peace with the Emperor. That a woman should enter the great competition was bad enough, but that she should win it was almost unpardonable. Nevertheless, the ex-Prefect bestirred himself, and having some influence at court he smoothed the difficulty.

The imposing ceremonies of conferring the degree followed quickly, and the crown of the Chuen Yuen was placed on Sho Mai's brow by the hands of the Empress herself, while the robe of many dragons was thrown about the girl's shoulders. Then Li Khi received the decoration he had won, and the winners of minor honors followed in their turn.

There was a great banquet, and for the first time in history there were ladies at the celebration of the conferring of the Chuen Yuen degree. Speeches were made, and Sho Mai perceived with hearty satisfaction that more liberal words regarding the higher education of women were spoken than had ever been uttered at the court before.

When all was over she returned with her parents to Paoting, and Li Khi accompanied them. The story of his escape had by this time reached his father and sister, for on his arrival at Peking in the vessel which picked him up he had dispatched a swift messenger to relieve the anxiety which those at home must feel if any tidings of the vessel's fate reached them.

The ex-Prefect did not oppose the marriage of his daughter, but instead he settled large estates upon Li Khi, including a handsome villa in which eventually the old philosopher and his daughter lived with the happy pair. And Li Kean knew not whether to laugh or cry when she found that she must love Sho Mai as a sister instead of with another sort of affection.

Thus ended Sho Mai's visit to the free world, and, of all the honors she had won, the love of a good man seemed to her the most ennobling.

[THE END.]

AMERICAN FORESTS.

Why the Government Should Take Them Under Rigid Control.

By separating the States into groups, the six New England States are credited with a forest area of 19,193,028 acres; the four Middle States, with 17,630,000; the fourteen Southern States, including Maryland and leaving out Missouri, with 232,800,000; the nine Western States, with 80,358,768; four Pacific States, 52,630,000, and the seven Territories, with 63,034,000. It will thus be seen that of the entire 465,635,895 acres of forest included in this estimate, the fourteen Southern States possess fully one-half. These statistics show that while process of denudation has been carried to an unwise and injurious extreme in the Eastern, Middle and a few of the Western States, the forest area still remaining in this country is very great. If the estimates of the department are approximately correct, the timber lands of the country, exclusive of Alaska, cover an area equal to fifteen States the size of Pennsylvania. If proper measures are taken to prevent the rapid and unnecessary destruction of what is left of our forest domain, it should be equal to all reasonable requirements for an indefinite period. With the adoption of a policy of judicious tree-planting in the prairie States, and a system of State or Government reservations in the mountain districts, which are the sources of the chief rivers of the country, the evil effects which have followed denudation in Europe and some portions of Asia would never exist here. The States and the National Government should be moving in this matter in good earnest.—Phrenological Journal.

ADVICE ABOUT NAGGING.

A Disagreeable Habit Which Is Fraught with Considerable Danger.

Many estimable wives and mothers become so committed to this disagreeable habit that not unfrequently the happiness of the family is wrecked by it, says the Philadelphia Press. It is so much the more to be regretted because it is from the very nature of their qualities that the habit is acquired. It is not the slip-shod, happy-go-lucky people that are annoyed by the faults of others—the shirking, the want of considerateness, the total disregard of every plain duty. No, they are painstaking, conscientious souls who are sorely tried by the negligence of others, and waste of time and opportunity and substance it may be; who find their strength unable to bear more than two or three times their share of the heat and burden of the day; who have again taken up the task of others less conscientious; who have again and again stood between those others and the consequences of their own indolence, folly, stupidity and injustice—these are the ones who give vent to their overwrought feeling in bitter complaining and reproach.

Just here lies the danger. A careful housewife, fully alive to the importance of thoroughness in the little things in the household, as well as in large things in the conduct of life, sees constantly so much undone or worse than undone on the part of the husband, children and servants, that in the constant endeavor to set them all right, to restrain this one, or to bring that one up to the requisite point, or to ward off the consequences of the thoughtlessness of this one, and want of considerateness of that one, the habit of nagging grows stronger and stronger upon her from day to day. But let her possess her soul in patience; let her be assiduous in cultivating that "sweetness" which is the main element of Matthew Arnold's culture, and which is frequently spoken of by Jonathan Edwards, stern and uncompromising Calvinist though he was.

Better that the peccadilloes in the kitchen should be unobserved at times by the mistress than that the house should be shunned by all the willing servants in the neighborhood; better that the faults of the children should be lightly reproved than that they should learn to do without their mother's sympathy and love, which will most likely be the case if she pursues toward them a course of perpetual and persistent faultfinding; better that the husband's petty failings be passed over in silence than that he should learn to find his happiness away from home, perhaps in some other woman's home.

It is not meant that all reproof or faultfinding is reprehensible; children and servants must be shown how to do better, but with judicious words of commendation thrown in to temper the blame. In this, as in other things, let a golden mean be observed.

THE STUDY OF SELF.

The Way to a Proper Valuation of Ourselves and Our Attainments.

It is a little singular that a quality which is really essential to decency, not to say excellence, is yet one capable of producing a deterioration of character, quite as low in its descent as its opposite is lofty in altitude, says Harper's Bazar. For a certain amount of consciousness of ourselves is good and necessary, while too great an amount is debasing and unworthy. Without a proper pride, as it is called, where are we? We are almost without self-respect. For pride of a personal kind keeps one in the observance of those lesser duties, which not to observe would render one recreant in one's own estimate. It will allow one to do nothing at odds with one's ideal of honor, of honesty, of civility, of kindness, and, where religious props and stays are missing, it keeps one from much of the evil that lies in wait. If it is not good morals in itself it enforces good manners, and leads the way to good morals by such regard of the real reason and motive of good manners as springs from the Golden Rule, if having nothing to do with that rule in itself. But, indulged beyond a proper point, this characteristic is capable of assuming a double mask, either aspect of which is hateful. It has on the one side arrogance, an expression of self utterly out of proportion with right and truth, where the claimant gathers to himself all the wisdom and virtue and admirable quality that there may be in question, and if he does not exclaim: "I am Sir Oracle, and when I speak let no dog bark," he thinks it, and therefore bears himself as if he were infallible. It is into this detestable quality that pride of birth and pride of money merge themselves. Adventitious circumstances as both birth and money are, the person who manifests pride in them, and claims superiority because of them, acquires unconsciously a haughtiness of manner that makes him not only unbearable but laughable, the haughtiness being only the external manifestation of the undue estimate of the facts of one's individuality, and showing, on the whole, less nobility and worth than there might have been, without either high birth or great wealth, inasmuch as price in material and perishable things is less to be esteemed than pride in spiritual ones. A man of proper pride could never arrogate to himself the possession of the merest trifle that was not really his; he would consider it as all of a piece with any other dishonesty, and he will never drag his name in the dust of assertion, struggle and dissent; but an arrogant man, assuming to be the equal of his superiors, is never any thing but a ridiculous object to those whose finer senses are not offended by him.

The other aspect of this double mask is that presented by the activity of vitality and self-conceit. Not that the presence of vanity always implies that of an overweening conceit; it may be that its possessor by no means overestimates a particle of his powers or belongings; he may have all that of which he is vain, and be really a marvel of capacity or beauty, or whatever is the thing most valued in his category. When the preacher said: "All is vanity," he meant to use the literal signification of the word—all is hollowness; and hence sometimes we attach to the word an idea of falsity and pretence, which, as the word is now used, is erroneous, as one is vain only of what one actually possesses, or sincerely thinks he possesses, and vanity pure and simple is as much an expression of active interest in one's self as any thing else. There is, indeed, a certain questionable variety of vanity which is so spurious and deplorable as hardly to be claimed by either pride or vanity, and is to be classed under the head of self-righteousness; but kept out of sight it does no special harm to any one, and if it does not clog his moral endeavor, acts only as a stimulant to the possessor; always odious in the angelic and superior eyes, it is only when it becomes so overtopping as to obtrude itself upon earthly neighbors that it becomes odious to them; or when it is founded on next to nothing that it makes its victim absurd; it is then a form of self-conceit that is an abomination in all eyes and ears. To the self-centered person the outer universe is a trifle; the ego is the only universe; the rest of mankind are mere motes, or at best parasites; he himself walks with his head in the clouds, and so loftily that he fails to see the pebbles on which his feet stumble, or the party-color with which his folly has dressed him like Harlequin. On the whole, if in some relations there is any bracing or stimulating quality in the possession of a certain amount of pride, yet its abuse is so tempting and so easy that one is led to think it would be better when the good fairy gives gifts to decline that one altogether, indulging no vanity, and running no danger of trampling over the weak and poor-spirited. The safe and wise maxim, "Know thyself," which used to be worked by little maidens on their book-marks, in the days of perforated paper, points out the way to a proper valuation of ourselves and our attainments. Possibly no one ever really acquired the knowledge thoroughly or accurately; but he who has endeavored to do so can not help agreeing with the poet when he writes:

"Self-reverence, self-knowledge, self-control—
These three lead man to sovereign power."

A KENTUCKY FREAK.

It Has a Mule's Body, an African's Face, and Eats Tobacco.

From out of Taylor's Bottoms, back of Newport, Ky., has been brought a living curiosity much above the general order of freaks, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

It was discovered by Henry Cohen, of Kline & Cohen, bought by him and removed to this city. At present it is housed in the firm's stables on Liberty street, near Central avenue. In form its body is that of a mule of diminutive stature, but in every respect a mule all over. Its head, however, is a curiosity. It is much shorter than the ordinary, and the ears are the only parts about it in keeping with the body. The face resembles closely that of a full-blooded negro. The forehead is full over the eyes and receding. The nose is a perfect reproduction of the African human type, though on a much larger scale, and the nondescript expands and contracts the nostrils in a manner remarkably manlike. They are set some distance above the usual location, making room for a long upper lip. The mouth, instead of being set in the middle of the muzzle, is more toward the top. The upper jaw is short, the lower projecting over two inches beyond it, and the animal when chewing moves it up and down and without the sideways, grinding motion used by all grass-eating animals. The hair on the face is of a woolly nature. The animal is about four years old, and, having been a household pet, is very tame. There are many visitors at the stable daily, but admission is generally denied. While being shown yesterday the animal chewed a handful of tobacco with much gusto.

Utilization of Pines.

An extensive tract of country in the Landes in France is now devoted to the cultivation of pines, and large numbers of young trees are annually shipped to England to be converted into paper. Immense quantities of older pines are sent over, too, for use in propping English coal pits.

A CATAMOUNT'S LEAP.

It Was to Death, But Through No Fault of the Animal's Agility.

"I've seen it disputed in the papers that a wild-cat, or catamount, can make a leap of twenty-five feet," said a resident of Sullivan County to a New York Sun reporter, "and I would like to mention what I saw a wild-cat do once. I was trout fishing on one of the upper tributaries of the Beaverkill, and had clambered down into a deep ravine to get at a tempting pool at the foot of a fall, where I was sure my casts would be rewarded by the killing of some big trout. I was not mistaken as to that. I had landed four trout, the smallest one eighteen inches long, and sat down to 'rest the pool.' Both sides of the ravine were perpendicular walls of rock, probably twenty-five feet high. The summit of the wall on the side of the creek opposite to me sloped back gradually from its edge for several feet to a heavy growth of pine.

"As I was sitting at the bottom of the ravine I happened to glance up to the top of the rocks opposite me, and saw a hen pheasant accompanied by her newly hatched brood come out of the pines and scratch and peck her way along the sloping open space, hunting food for her young, which clustered closely about her. The pheasant came close to the edge of the precipice, and it seemed to me that she was placing her brood in a most dangerous position, when she turned as if to walk back with them to the pines. The instant she turned something like a shadow flitted across the top of the ravine, and half a second later I saw an enormous wild-cat clinging to the edge of the opposite wall by his fore feet, holding the pheasant between his jaws. The wild-cat struggled for a moment to drag himself from the edge of the abyss to a sure footing on the top of the rocks, but his effort was in vain, and he came crashing down the face of the precipice, still holding the luckless pheasant in his jaws. He fell with a splash in the water, and lay motionless at the edge of the pool.

"I suppose that the animal had been watching the pheasant from the bushes on top of the rocks opposite where the bird had appeared with her brood, and at his opportunity had leaped across to seize her, but had misjudged the distance and fallen short, with the result so fatal to him.

"The whirl of the water brought the wild-cat around in a short time to the side where I was standing, and as I was bending down to examine him I saw a man with a gun scrambling down the rocks. The man soon reached my side, and I then learned that he had shot the wild-cat as the animal was flying across the chasm upon his prey. Sure enough, just at the base of the animal's brain was the hole made by the rifle ball. The hunter had been following the wild-cat for some time, and had lost track of him, but came near the edge of the ravine in time to see him make his leap and followed him with the bullet. It was that which had stopped the animal short in the tremendous leap it had calculated on or it would have cleared the space with safety and doubtless with ease. The wild-cat was in reality almost in his death throes when he struck the pheasant, which he clung to with the clutch of death, and still held in his mouth when we dragged him out of the water. We measured the width of the chasm across which the wild-cat had made his death leap. The measurement was forty-three feet.

A WELL-TRAINED EEL.

It Goes Fishing and Peacefully Sleeps at Its Master's Feet.

Billy Benson is the sixteen-year-old son of Farmer Benson, who has a goodly number of acres right along the banks of the Delaware, says the Amateur Sportsman. He has been a famous eel-catcher for years. Billy is a young naturalist as well as an angler. He made up his mind some months ago that an eel could be trained. Accordingly he spared the life of the first that he caught. He took it home and put it in a box, with a glass over it.

After the reptile became quiet Billy fed it from his own hand. Gradually the eel took a liking to the boy. It would wind around the lad's arm and rub its head gently over his sleeve. Then it got so that it would come out of the box and coil itself at Billy's feet and go to sleep. It made no effort to escape. Then it learned to follow the boy around. First it followed him around the room. Then it glided upstairs after him and early in the spring took to sleeping on the pillow beside him.

Billy became as fond of the eel as the latter was fond of Billy. The boy named the reptile Faithful. In a short time the eel knew its name. It will awaken when Billy calls it and start after him. So thoroughly educated has it become that it goes over the farm with the boy. The rapidity with which it can move is remarkable. It keeps right alongside of Billy when he walks at a quick pace. But the funniest thing the eel does is to go fishing with Billy. It will lie on a log or in a little pool of water and watch the lad haul in any number of other eels and kill them. It never makes any attempt to get into the river. It is, moreover, a cannibalistic eel and is very fond of small portions of eels' meat, which Billy cuts up with his jackknife. The neighbors go daily to the Benson farm and watch the reptile. Many of them wonder how the eel manages to live out of water, but Billy says natural history is full of such instances. There is plenty of water, however, in Faithful's box, so that he is in his native element most of the time.

CARE OF COMPLEXION.

How to Avoid the Curse of Freckles Kindred Annoyances.

The very best thing to use for your face during the summer weather is the cosmetic which was known before the days of Cleopatra, writes Bab in the Philadelphia Times. It is called virginal milk, and is made in this way:

"To a quart of rose-water add, drop by drop, an ounce of tincture of benzoin, stirring it constantly."

When you want to use it throw enough in the hand-basin to make the water the color of skim milk, and then bathe your face thoroughly with it, dabbing it dry with a soft towel.

If the men of the family, who are so rough skinned that beards grow on them like weeds in a flower garden, like these broom-like cloths, let them have the exclusive use of them.

If your skin is harsh and dry try using a wineglassful of glycerine in a warm bath; according to a noted beauty a few baths of this sort ought to make the skin soft and white.

Way back in the time of the Stuarts, and indeed in the oldest toilet books, there is mentioned a bath that will give tone to the skin and keep it in proper condition.

It is very simple, consisting of merely tepid water in which has been put half a pint of pure vinegar.

The ladies of the olden times did not disdain to have their books of cosmetics, and each generation of lovely women wrote in the family book about that which had tended to make her most beautiful, so that the coming beauties could read, learn and inwardly digest.

It is said Cleopatra herself wrote a book on the arts of the toilet, and I have been frivolous enough to think that the Sphinx knows where that book is hidden and won't tell.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Suburban Residence Property

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Review of Monetary and Other Transactions.

The Local Wholesale and Retail Trade in Meats, Groceries, Fruits, Hardware, Lumber, Coal, Etc.

FINANCIAL.

The demand for money for legitimate operations continues very fair, locally; but there is by no means as much pressure for advances on the part of specula'ors. Money is steady at 7@10, and sterling exchange 488@492.

Something like $1,430,000 will be dist ibuted in bank dividends on June 2nd. About half the banks pay their dividends semi-annually, in June and December, and the remainder in March and September. The following dividends have recently been declared:

Bank.	*Dividend.*	*Value.*
Montreal	5	$600,000
Ville Marie	3½	17,500
Merchants	3½	210,000
Ontario	3½	52,500
Toronto	5	100,000
Jacques Cartier	3½	17,500
Commerce	3½	210,000
Quebec	3½	87,500
Hamilton	4	40,000
Imperial	4	60,000
Standard	3½	35,000
		$1,430,000

The director of the U. S. Mint reckons the total product of silver in the United States in the year 1889 at $46,750,000 gold value, an increase of some $5,750,000 over 1888. He estimates the world's product in that year at $117,650,000, so that 40 per cent. of the whole world's yield came from the United States. A San Francisco contemporary says: "In sober truth, the world is short of both gold and silver. Commerce has outgrown the supply of both metals. There is not enough of either to satisfy the wants of the commercial countries in respect to a metallic currency. The world is now coining nearly $300,000,000 a year of the two metals and is only producing about $230,000,000."

The reduction of the U. S. national bank currency from $320,000,000 ten years ago to less than $240,000,000 to-day is, it it is contended, leading to the birth of a number of schemes to supply the deficiency. The latest, the offspring of Senator Hiscock, of New York, proposes a new issue of legal tenders based on property. The bill authorizes the national banks to apply for and the general governmen to grant them an apparently unlimited amount of new national bank notes, which are to be a legal tender, on the deposit of State, railroad or municipal bonds, first mortgages on real estate, or warehouse receipts for pig-iron, cotton or wheat. Under the existing law the holder of United States may take them to Washington, and the government is required to lend him on demand national bank notes for 90 per cent. of their face value—such notes not being a legal tender, but being redeemable by the Treasury in legal tenders on demand. Under the Hiscock bill, State, railroad, and municipal bonds, real estate and merchandise are to be placed on the same footing as United States bonds and to serve as the basis of a legal tender currency.

The U. S. public debt statement shows the gross debt on April 30th, $1,595,842,297.41, and the net debt $1,015,520,770.28, a reduction of $7,636,901.72 since March 31st, and of $61,125,851.18 since June 30th last. Treasurer Houston's statement shows assets of $712,453,250.18 and liabilities of $653,310,168.98. The surplus is $35,930,622.91, exclusive of fractional coin. The receipts of the government during April were $34,017,041.40 and expenditures $29,907,923.74.

COMMERCIAL.

Drugs are generally high. New crop Jamaica ginger is coming in freely, but prices are sustained. Citric acid has been advanced 2 cents by the manufacturers. Cream of tartar and tartaric acid are in plentiful supply; but in only limited order. In all probability, however, the old prices will be maintained, as there is no special anxiety to sell, as we have before said. The retail price of camphor this spring is twice what it was in former years, because new uses have been found for it. Celluloid, which is coming into wide use, is composed of camphor and gun-cotton, a large quantity of gum being used in its manufacture. One of the constituent parts of smokeless powder is camphor, on which account the demand is enormous. The Japanese camphor forests are at present the only source from which camphor can be obtained in quantity, while the existing demand is so much greater than the available supply that there will soon be no camphor in the world if the makers of smokeless powder do not discover another substance to take its place.

Fish is in rather more limited supply, stocks being mainly confined to cod, salmon, halibut and oolachan, the latter being worth 10c and 12½c.

Drygoods have experienced a good sorting up trade in all lines of seasonable goods. Money has come in well, and values are sustained with a tendency to higher prices. Travelers report a satisfactory feeling in the country districts, which is the characteristic of sections outside the province.

In Hardware, the business of the season has been an improvement on that of last year, and the prospects are for increased prices all round, the consuming population of the province being largely on the increase. All through the Dominion, and the same may be said of the United States, there is a full movement in which builders' hardware takes a prominent place. The production of pig iron, both on this side and in Great Britain, continues very heavy.

The Grocery trade, as concerns distribution from this point, is a great improvement upon that of last season, the demand being of a general character, and purchasers are disposed to buy freely, while they are fairly well up with their payments. As a rule, prices continue steady. In New York and at other distributive centres, raw sugars are in good request, refiners having considered that the prices fully justified them in laying in stocks. Refined are also active and strong. Mr. Licht raised his estimate of the beet crop 40,000 tons, but the increase had little or no effect upon values. Since January 1 the receipts of beet sugar at New York have increased over 100,000 tons compared with the same period during 1889. Stock in all hands increased 8,871 tons, and is now almost the same as at this time last year, while consumption has increased nearly 50,000 tons on the first three months of 1890 as compared with last year. The total stock held in all the principal countries is put at 1,494,795 tons against 894,856, last year. In the east the position of canned vegetables is getting very close and the possibility is by no means remote of scarcity before the new supplies come in. San Francisco advices inform us that in what are considered the representative counties, despite the excessive rains which materially delayed seeding and damaged the cereal products, there will be an enormous yield of fruit of the very best quality. It is, however, worthy of note that several wheat counties have announced a decrease in acreage sown of from one-quarter to one-half. The yield of oranges, raisins and grapes is the largest on record, but peaches and almonds do not promise nearly as well. There is a good outlook for canning.

Meats of all kinds continue firm at unchanged prices, supplies being so far sufficient for all requirements. Home rendered lard is scarce, while lamb is not so plentiful as it is natural to expect. At western centres cattle have advanced 20@30 per cent., while hogs have undergone a decline of about 10 per cent.

Lumber is firm, and building materials generally are sought after, the local lumber mills having very considerable orders on hand.

Leather is dearer, and in consequence no diminution is to be expected in the values of boots and shoes or harness, which are firmly held.

In Ontario, German and Bohemian sugar beet seed has been successfully sown, and, if the expectations are realized, 7,000 acres will be cultivated next year, a quantity that would yield equal to the entire Canadian importation of raw sugar.

In the opinion of the San Francisco Alta, with free sugar in the United States, an enormous export trade in refined sugar can be built up, while the home market can be effectually held by the American refiners.

According to the Philadelphia Record, a corn-starch trust has been formed, capital $10,000,000, with nineteen factories in it. The trust owes its life to the duties on cornstarch and the ingredients of which it is composed. There is a duty of 2 cents a pound on imported starch. The McKinley bill increases the duties on dextrine, burnt starch, gum subs itutes or British gum, from 30 to 60 per cent.

It is announced that the Vanderbilts are likely to secure control of the Great Northern at the coming election and will extend it to Puget Sound from Chicago, via Chicago, St. Paul, and Omaha; thence by the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, on which the Great Northern has ninety days option to purchase. The Chicago and Northwestern will be extended to San Francisco, connections being made at St. Paul with the Great Northern by a line from Southern Idaho.

It is announced that well-known Western States capitalists, in conjunction with the Armours and other packers, intend to at once establish immense packing-houses in San Francisco. In their opinion butchering on the Pacific is still carried on in the primitive way, and it is easy to see the practicability of their scheme. A few millions of dollars have been secured, and they have not only decided on a San Francisco plant, but also on smaller establishments in different sections, possibly one at least in the State of Washington.

The receipts of Lumber, etc., at the port of San Francisco during April were:

	1890.	1889.
Pine, feet	20,568,878	39,882,568
Redwood, feet	13,974,538	17,762,907
Shingles, No	9,703,000	8,366,750
Railroad Ties, No	97,094	20,451

The receipts of Lumber, etc., at San Francisco from January 1st to April 30th, compared with the corresponding time a year ago, are:

	1890.	1889.
Pine, feet	67,161,641	99,816,500
Redwood, feet	50,519,468	55,875,211
Shingles, No	22,850,940	22,754,500
Railroad Ties, No	465,988	89,8 7

It is understood that there is an unprecedentedly small quantity of coal to arrive from Australia at San Francisco within the next sixty days. There is no coal on the way from Great Britain, and the market is quiet, with no visible scarcity. Australian coal for future loading being offered at a considerable reduction. Buyers look for further concessions, the supply from the coast and British columbia mines being ample to meet the consumption of the season. The arrival of coal at that port during the month was as follows, compared with arrivals during the corresponding month of the two preceding years, also the total receipts for the year to May 1st:

From—	1890.	1889.	1888.
Australia	9,870	17,410	14,111
Great Britain	....	....	12,760
Eastern	260	2,000	4,000
British Columbia	39,560	21,910	18,410
Port of Seattle	17,850	22,390	31,066
Port of Tacoma	7,400	18,500	17,300
Other mines	4,600	3,400	6,400
Total	79,540	85,610	104,047
Total 4 months	309,040	363,108	361,740

(Tons.)

At San Francisco, April was a remarkably active month, transactions in real estate being very large and far in excess of the same month last year. April, 1889, was, nevertheless, a very good month, and it was this time last year that the great activity in building, which has not perceptibly diminished since then, actually began. The number of sales were 695, of the estimated value of $3,939,530, against 609 sales, of the total value of $2,776,562, in the previous month of March. The chief call is for investment—that is, paying—property. The great majority of such buyers wish to invest from $20,000 to $40,000.

A few months ago, gold commanded a premium of 235 in Buenos Ayres. The report that an English syndicate is about to buy one of the government roads, and thus throw a large amount of gold into the country, has reduced the premium to 140, but there are still daily fluctuations that have a demoralizing influence.

In the United States, according to the report of the Bureau of Statistics, there is an excess of $15,000,000 in imports and exports for the first three months of 1890, being four times the amount of the excess for the corresponding months of last year. For the nine months of the fiscal year the excess of imports was $112,000,000, or three times the amount of the corresponding period preceding.

According to the Mark Lane Express, the weather in Great Britain has been favorable, and the prospect is that wheat will meet the expectations of growers. The market has been firm, largely in sellers' favor, and slightly higher. Foreign wheat and flour have been slower than expected, owing to heavy imports. California advanced six pence. India advices are against buyers. The deficiency is estimated at 37 million quarters. Russia is shipping freely and the weather this spring has favored growth in Eastern Europe. Corn is dearer. Oats are strongly in sellers' favor.

The Montreal Trade Bulletin in a recent issue said that judging from the new cheese factories that will start this spring, it is natural to conclude that the manufacture of cheese is profitable. In any event the export cheese trade will soon be the means of bringing into the country hundreds of thousands of dollars of English money per week. Cattle, deals, and lumber will also commence to move as soon as the leviathams of our regular liners are ready to receive them, and grain will add considerably to our outward cargo trade. The time is therefore near when trade must naturally expand, and merchants look for the largest and briskest maritime season's business that has been experienced in Montreal for many years.

Says the Cincinnatti Prices Current, the movement of hogs is large for the time of year, and is probably due to some extent to the inducements offered by current prices, which are much better than earlier calculations, and higher than is expected for the near future. A large run of hogs has been counted on for May and June, and if the present movement is to be maintained it will undoubtedly tend to some curtailment of the supplies expected for a later period within the next sixty days. It is difficult to judge of the near future in matter of tendency of values. The trade has been more or less unsettled by the recent sharp advance, and the reaction has not been unlooked for. Values are at a point calculated to maintain a large export distribution of product, and although the season is now at hand when enlarging manufacture for a few weeks is the natural course of things, the situation does not seem to be unfavorable to prices being well sustained.

Wheat in Chicago has latterly been much excited, the "bulls" and the "bears" having "worked the racket" for all it was worth. In consequence not a small amount of money has changed hands. Monday was another excited, erratic day. The market for wheat opened 2½@3c. lower on reports of rains throughout the Northwest. Prominent operators, however, sustained the market with free purchases and the tide turned, causing a rally of 3⅞c. for July. The price again declined to 1½c. fluctuated 3c. lower for May, 2¼c for June and ⅞c. for July than Saturday's close.

BANK RATES.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Following are the bank rates for bullion and exchange in this market: Drafts on sight, New York, per $1,000, 17½c.; drafts on New York, telegraphic, 22½c.; sterling bills on London banks, $4.88½; sterling bills on London, commercial, $4.86; silver bars, per ounce, $1.01 @ 1.01½: Mexican dollars, 80 @ 80½.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Bar silver per ounce 1,000 fine, 100¾; sterling on London, 60 days, $4.85; sterling on London, sight drafts, $4.87: U.S. 4½'s of 1891, 102¾; U.S. fours of 1907, 122; Pacific mail, 45⅛; Western Union Telegraph, 85⅛; St. Paul Preferred, 12⅝; North-western railroad, 115⅛: Lake Shore railroad, 110¾; New York Central, 109¼; Erie, 28⅛.

VICTORIA MARKET REPORT.

FLOUR—Portland roller	$5.25
Salem	5.25
Snowflake	5.25
Hungarian	6.50
Wheat, per ton	40.00 @ 45.00
Oats, per ton	37.50 @ 40.00
Oats, seed, per ton	45.00
Barley, per ton	35.00 @ 40.00
Middlings, per ton	30.00 @ 32.50
Bran, per ton	25.00
Ground Feed, per ton	32.50
Oil Cake, per ton	37.50
Corn, whole	35.00 @ 40.00
" cracked	45.00
Cornmeal, per 100 lbs. Canadian	2.50
Oatmeal " Saanich	3.75
Beans, large white, per 100 lbs	7.00
" small " "	3.50
" Bayo " "	4.00
Potatoes "	50.00
Onions	10
Hay, baled, per ton	18.00 @ 20.00
Straw, per bale	1.25
Apples, Newtown pippins, per bx.	2.50@3.00
Pears, per lb	6
Eggs, Island, per dozen	25
" Imported, "	23
Butter, roll, Island, per lb	25@30
" tub or firkin, creamery	27½ to 30
Cheese, Canadian per lb., retail	20
" California	20
Hams, Evans, per lb	15
" American "	15@16½
Bacon, Evans, Breakfast, per lb	14 @ 16
" American, per lb	16
" Rolled "	14½
Shoulders, per lb	12½
Lard "	11½@12
Meats—Beef "	12½@18
Mutton, per lb	12½@18
Lamb, forequarter	1.25@1.50
" hindquarter	1.75@2.00
Pork, fresh "	15
Veal, dressed, per lb	15
Tallow, per lb	5
Duck, per pair	2.00@2.50
Chickens, each	1.00@1.25
Hides, "	5½@ 8½
Skins, sheep, each,	20@65
Fish—Salmon, per lb	10
Halibut, "	10
Cod "	8
Miscellaneous (small)	8
Sturgeon	3½ 25
Oolachan	10 to 12½
Rhubarb	20
Lettuce, Radishes, etc. per doz	50
Oranges	3.10@5.50

FROM WESTERN ALASKA.

Arrival of the Alaska Commercial Co.'s Steamer St. Paul.

The Alaska Commercial Co.'s steamer St. Paul, Capt. Erskine, seven days from Ounalaska, arrived at Port Townsend Monday afternoon. The St. Paul left San Francisco April 30, with lumber and supplies for the company's canneries. She touched at Kodiak, Afognak, Unga and Ounalaska, and from the latter port came to Port Townsend direct. She goes from there to Nanaimo to coal, and from there to San Francisco.

Capt. Erskine says that the weather north is simply grand, and the prospects for a good run of salmon are encouraging. The run to the westward does not commence until June 1. New canneries are being built on several of the islands, and preparations are being made for a large catch.

The St. Paul took north with her a large quantity of lumber, which is to be used in the construction of school houses. These buildings are being erected by the United States government, and the contractor who has the work was a passenger on the vessel.

The people are seemingly indifferent concerning the change in the companies controlling the seal islands, although they are more directly affected than other parts of Alaska.

THE NEXT OKLAHOMA.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—A Washington special says: "There is every prospect that the Umatilla Indian reservation in Oregon will soon be opened to settlement. The lands were allotted five years ago and a survey of the surplus 135,000 acres commenced about three years ago. Subsequently it was discovered that many mistakes had been made in the survey, but those have now nearly been corrected.

Mr. Hermann says the surveys will likely be completed within two weeks and there will probably be a great rush and the Oklahoma scenes will be repeated. The lands are very fertile and productive, and will be opened to actual settlers at $1.25 per acre.

Easily Ascertained.

It is easy to find out from anyone who has used it, the virtues of Hagyard's Yellow Oil for all painful and inflammatory troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, frost bites, burns, bruises, sprains, contracted cords, stiff joints, aches, pains and soreness of any kind, it has no superior. wfs

Autumn Anxieties.

I HAD a very bad cough this fall, but Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam cured me completely. E. ROBINSON, Washago.

Pectoral Balsam cures coughs, colds, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles. wfs

A WATERY GRAVE.

The Fate of the Bark Nellie May and Her Crew—Names of the Lost Men.

The finding of the piece of the stern, with the name "Nellie May" painted thereon, by the tug Lorne off Cape Flattery, sets at rest all doubt of the fate of that vessel and her ill-fated crew.

The Nellie May left Port Madison, January 23d, bound for San Francisco. She was lumber laden and perfectly sound as far as anyone living knows. The last seen or heard of the vessel was when she passed out of the Straits of Juan de Fuca. Not arriving at San Francisco in the usual course of time, some worry was caused her owners and the families of those on board. Every effort was made to trace her course and learn something of her possible fate.

The weather which prevailed off the coast during the latter part of January and the early part of February was unusually severe, and it was generally supposed that she had been driven off her usual course and would turn up safe sooner or later. These hopes failed to materialize, however. Large quantities of drift lumber, and, on one occasion, a part of a ship's boat, drifted ashore on the west coasts of Washington and of Vancouver Island, but the hope still prevailed as to the safety of the vessel and her crew. She carried a deck load of 30,000 feet of lumber, and it was supposed that perhaps the fastening broke and the deck load was washed off and the not unusual loss of one of the boats also occurred, so hope still prevailed.

The intelligence brought by the Lorne makes all these things clear. The bark met heavy weather, and probably became water-logged and the men were forced to resort to the boats as the last hope of saving their lives. The life-boats proved of no use, however, as the part of the one washed ashore on Vancouver Island testifies, and the thirteen souls—on board now find resting-places at the bottom of the sea, or ere now have met the horrible fate of furnishing food for the man-eating sharks and other fishes.

A wreck report has been filed at the custom house at Port Townsend by the agent, who says: "No definite information of the vessel has been received from the time of leaving the Straits. We have indulged the hope that the master, officers and men were saved, picked up, or were on Vancouver Island."

The bark Nellie May was built at Newcastle, Me., in 1867. She was of 699 tons register and 148 feet long, 32 feet breadth, and 20 feet depth of hold. She was valued at $10,000 and only partly insured. The owners of the vessel were U. P. Sayward, of Port Madison, E. M. Herrick, of San Francisco, and Axtell Austin, of Port Madison, the last named being master of the wrecked vessel. The cargo of lumber was valued at $7,500 and was uninsured. The vessel was built of wood and was registered from Port Townsend to engage in the coastwise trade.

The vessel had on board, when she left Port Madison, thirteen men, all told. They were, as far as known, as follows:

Axtell Austin, master; J. D. Nilson, first mate; C. Wright, second mate; J. E. Perkins, Gabriel Larsen, Edward White, Paul Pitters, Otto O. Nasch, P. Pitterson, John Bowers, seamen. Also the cook, steward and one seaman, names unknown.

It is not known whether any of the above have families, but it is reported that Captain Austin had a wife and two children, living either at Port Madison or San Francisco, to mourn his loss.

NEW LIGHTHOUSES.

PORTLAND, May 5.—Major T. H. Handbury, United States engineer, lighthouse engineer of this district, is arranging preliminaries for surveys of several of the sites for the proposed lighthouses on this coast. There is a light and fog signal under construction on Destruction island and first-class lights are in course of construction at Umpqua and Hecate head.

The first-class light at Cape Disappointment is to be moved a few miles to the North head, and a fourth-class harbor light will be put on the Cape. There is to be a first-class light at the entrance to Gray's harbor and one at Coquille. In Puget Sound there is to be a light and fog signal on Patos island, and a light at Turnpoint and a light at St. Mary's, Alaska.

In Temporary Difficulties.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., May 5. — The Montgomery Insurance Trust and Safe Deposit Co., which, this morning, suspended payment pending the arrival of expected cash, resumed payments during the afternoon. The officials refuse to give any information, but the impression among the conservative financiers is that the company is considerably involved.

Not a Pimple on Baby

Baby one year old. Bad with Eczema. Hair all gone. Scalp covered with eruptions. Cured by Cuticura. Hair splendid and not a pimple on him.

Cured by Cuticura

I cannot say enough in praise of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. My boy, when one year of age, was so bad with eczema that he lost all of his hair. His scalp was covered with eruptions, which the doctors said was scall-head, and that his hair would never grow again. Despairing of a cure from physicians, I began the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and, I am happy to say, with the most perfect success. His hair is now splendid, and there is not a pimple on him. I recommend the CUTICURA REMEDIES to mothers as the most speedy, economical, and sure cure for all skin diseases of infants and children, and feel that every mother who has an afflicted child will thank me for so doing.

MRS. M. E. WOODSUM, Norway, Me.

Fever Sore Eight Years.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers, who has been cured by using the CUTICURA REMEDIES, of an old sore, caused by a long spell of sickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was fearful he would have to have his leg amputated, but is happy to say he is now entirely well,—sound as a dollar. He requests me to use his name, which is H. H. CASON, merchant. JOHN V. MINOR, Druggist, Gainesboro, Tenn.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of scrofula I ever saw was cured by them.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Frankfort, Kan.

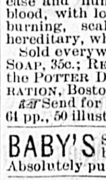
Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and purest and best of Humor Remedies, internally, and CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, speedily, permanently and economically, cure every disease and humor of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, whether itching, burning, scaly, pimply, scrofulous, or hereditary, when all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pp., 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.



EVERY MUSCLE ACHES.

Sharp Aches, Dull Pains, Strains and Weaknesses *relieved in one minute* by the *Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster.* The first and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthening plaster. 30 cents. w-s

REAL ESTATE.

E. M. JOHNSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

(ESTABLISHED TEN YEARS.)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

5 Building Lots,	Humboldt Street, easy terms	$ 900 each.
1 do	Victoria Crescent "	650
1 Corner Lot	St. Charles and Fort Streets	1,660
6 Room House and Lot	Corner Edward and Mary Streets, bath, pantry, outbuildings, etc	3,000
3½ Acres	Near Pooley Castle, Esquimalt Road	5,000
20 Acres	Near New West. City per acre,	160
6 Acres	Adj'g F. G. Walker's residence, Esquimalt R'd. "	1,600
6 Acres	Water front, Gorge Road, beautiful building lot	12,000
2 Lots	157 and 158 4th Street	626.25 ea.
18 Build'g Lots,	Fernwood Road, Pembroke and Chatham Streets, easy terms	425 & up.
33⅜ Acres	East shore of Elk Lake per acre,	50
¼ Acre	James Bay	1,050
3 Acres and sea frontage	15 minutes' drive from Post Office	4,000
2 Lots—2 fronts.	Work and John Streets	2,300
1 Corner Lot	Douglas and Discovery Streets, $60 a foot, long frontage on Douglas Street	7,200
2 Lots	1644, 1645 Bellot Street, each	1,000
1 Lot	Niagara and Turner Streets (fenced)	900
1 Lot	Simcoe Street	900
1 Corner Lot	Facing the Park	1,500
1 Corner Lot	85 x 120, Quadra and Fisgard	4,000
1 Lot and 11 Room House	And all conveniences, (this is less than cost) Terms	7,250
1 Lot and 9 Room House	Facing end of Pandora Avenue, stone walls and foundations, bath, etc., etc. (Terms.)	5,500
1 Lot	No. 6, Bl. N, Harbor Est., John Street, House, &c.	1,500
2 Lots	11 & 12, Bl. D, and House, etc., David and Bridge Sts.	2,000
2 Lots	22 & 24, Bl. Q, Henry Street, each	750
1 Lot	131 Bl. P, Victoria West	550
House and Lots	next Martin's, Victoria West	2,750
House and 7 Lots,	near Fernwood Road (special terms on this)	
House and Lot	Chatham Street, " "	
Corner Lot	Chatham and Blanchard Sts.—the best unoccupied corner on the avenue	
Land fronting Cowichan Lake, per acre		15
2 Acres near the Gorge		2,100

73 Lots opposite the Jubilee Hospital.

Farms, Residences in the Country, Timber, [illegible] Lands.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

100 Blocks of Half an Acre Each

Within 10 minutes of the Post Office by Cars and road.

Plans in course of preparation.

WILL BE OFEERED DURING THE NEXT 14 DAYS.

SUITABLE for RESIDENCES, GARDENS or ORCHARDS.

Prices extremely moderate, and little more than asked for single lots in the vicinity. Terms easy.

This is the best value yet offered and leaves room for speculative rise.

RENTS AND INTEREST.

Special attention given to collection of Rents and interest, and prompt returns made. Highest references if required.

CONVEYANCING

in all its branches cheaply and expeditiously carried out.

MONEY

To be lent on freehold mortgage and investments found for capitalists on first-class securities.

Long list of city lots, suburban acres and country property and farms on sale.

Maps, detail plans, and all information at

Office, Cor. Government and Broughton Streets,

VICTORIA.

MUNICIPAL.

A BY-LAW

To authorize the sale of lands within the City of Victoria, upon which taxes have been due and in arrear for two years.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT THAT all lands or parcels of lands within the City of Victoria upon which taxes have been due and in arrear for two years shall be sold and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes;

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:—

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed, whensoever taxes on any land have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list in duplicate of all the lands liable under the provisions of this By-law to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the same; and the Mayor shall authenticate such lists by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the clerk of the Corporation and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereto annexed under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land for the arrears due thereon, with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands for taxes to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land; nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands to be sold and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this By-law to be paid to him, and shall cause such list to be published in some daily paper in the City of Victoria for a period of three months preceding such intended sale.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands for the taxes on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least three months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the post office to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due and that the property is to be sold for arrears so due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown a notice to the same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold; and also, at least three months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public places, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be the ninetieth day after the publication of such list exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said ninetieth day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day, at the Council Chambers in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.

8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the land as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first; and in offering such lands for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

9. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day to be publicly named by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjourned sale he shall give notice by advertisement in one o the local papers in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands for any sum he can realize, and shall accept such sum as full payment for such arrears of taxes.

10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay to the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.

11. Immediately after every sale, the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds of such sale to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

12. The Collector, after selling any land for taxes, shall give a certificate under his hand to the purchaser, stating distinctly what part or portion, as the case may be, of the land, and what interest therein have been sold, or stating that the whole lot, section or estate has been so sold, and describing the same, and also stating the quantity of land, the sum for which it has been sold and the expenses of sale, and further stating that a deed conveying the same to the purchaser or his assigns according to the nature of the estate or interest sold, will be executed by him, and the Mayor, on his or their demand at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of the certificate, if the land be not previously redeemed.

13. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.

14. This By-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 26th day of March, A. D. 1890.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council, this 16th day of April, A. D. 1890.

[L.S. JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. ap19

FURS. ROBES.

Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at

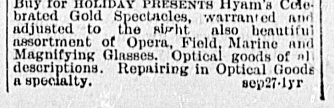
KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,

57 JOHNSON STREET,

Headquarters for Indian Curios

GUNS AND AMMUNITION.

dec7-1yr



S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST., one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 11 a. m

City of Puebla," - - May 9.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents. mar25

C. P. N. Co., L'd.

For Skeena River and Way Ports.

STEAMER MAUDE

Will leave Spratt's Wharf

Tuesday, May 6th, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of Co.

JNO. IRVING, Manager. my4-td

C. P. N. Co. LIMITED.

For Alberni, Clayquot and Barclay Sound.

STEAMER MAUDE

Will leave Spratt's Wharf

Tuesday, May 13th, 1890,

At 4 o'clock, p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of Co.

JNO. IRVING, Manager. my4-td

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19, 1889,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Lv Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited)

Time Table No. 12, takes effect January 1, 1890.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a. m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock

Fraser River Route:

Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamship SARDONYX will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25

DR. JORDAN'S

Museum of Anatomy,

751 Market st., San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment, personally or by letter, on weakness and all diseases of men. ☞Send for Book. Private office, 211 Geary street. mh6dwtf

HAGYARD'S

"YELLOW OIL"

Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physican who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address: THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. nov9

LANGLEY & CO., Agents.

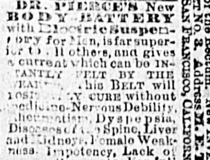
TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of errors, early decay, wasting weakness, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER. Moodus, Conn. nov9 d&w

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR GENERAL AND NERVOUS DEBILITY; WEAKNESS of BODY and MIND; and ALL TROUBLES Arising from Early Indiscretions. Robust HEALTH fully Restored. Absolutely Unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N.Y. my14-eod&w 1yr

LIFE RENEWER!



RUPTURE The Only Electric Truss in the world. Dr. Pierce's. PILES "GALENA" Home treatment.

DR. PIERCE'S New BODY BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine—Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address: [illegible]

mar15 eod-dw-1yr

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1890.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON f'm the Sound, J M Work, Mrs Shaw, Mrs Shewan, J Kirkman, J R McKinnon, T R Bartlett, J Carter, J W Enright, R J Abbott, C Simpson, F Swanger, E Grand, S S Hymes, W H Temple, J Chisem, H Ferguson, J Jackson, M Stickland, J Ennis, P Andersen, J Jones, J Frazer, J R Williams, Mrs Smith, J Erickson, A Cochrane, C Petersen, C Henry.

Per steamer OLYMPIAN from the Sound—Mrs Stevens, C Heinish, A C Musgrove, T A Macleod and wife, Sam Johnson, A Williams, W C Beers and wife, S S McMoney, Jas Hay, Mrs Davie, A Fletcher, M Graves, Mrs S Hanby, Dr Phillips and wife, W S Joyce, A F Hoskinson, G C Stokes, Jno Thompson, Wm O'Brien, Chas Whyte, J Baumgarten, O F Sands, J Stansfield and wife, L M Kastens, J S Joyce, Mrs A F Hoskinson, Chas Sutton, J Goff, H Naylor, G C Phinney and wife, Mrs Becker, J H Franck and wife, F Mallender, Nellie Smith, P Denerson, J H Harvester.

Per Str. ISLANDER from Vancouver.—S Sabory, Mrs Russell, Dr J M LeFefevre, H J Cambie, J Fox, A R Milne, Geo Riley, John Lyons, J Carscaden, H Kubos, S Siddell, Mrs Lyons, E Tucoor, Wm Trethewey, Thos Allen, Mrs Cambie, Dr McGuigan, Simon Leiser, C A Scholley, Agnes Lyons, Thos Hooper, Mrs Ker, M King, Mrs Russell, A J Smith, Jno Dougall, R Shaw, Mrs LeFevre, Mrs Capt Cox, J Linton, W Patterson, W S Duncan Mrs Mcnaughton, D McMillan.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from Sound, Van Volkenburgh & Co, J C Mesler, Roper & Roper, P McQuade, Langley & Co, Marvin & Tilton, J H Todd, C M Tube & I Co, Albion I Works, C B Lockhart, F B Benson & Co, G L Simpson.

Per C. P. R. and Steamer ISLANDER—King, Tye & Co, King, Tai Lung, Leddington Bros, Thos Deasy, T W Fletcher, J A Smith, Lai Hop, Tai Soong, W H Phillips, Simon Leiser, Hamilton Powd Co, R T Williams, Dom Exp Co, Lai Yuen, Lung, Fook Yuen, Order, Hip Tuck, Lung, C Strouss & C J C Devlin, Angus and Gordon, S J Pitts, Kirschberg & Landsberg, F H Osgood.

WANTED,

2,000 lots of ladies' and gents' new and cast-off clothing, by April 25th, N. POINTER, No. 85 Johnson street, cor. of Broad.

ICE Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, No. 116 and 118 Government street. Telephone No. 161. YOUNG BROS.

LITTLE LOCALS.

Milton Lodge, Sons of St. George, will be finally instituted this evening.

Baby carriages, first arrived, just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort st.

For lawn tennis, cricket and base ball goods, go to H. Shorts, 32 Fort street.

Sealing schooner Penelope yesterday signed a crew of 23 men for Behring's Sea.

Hardly any business is on the books for this evening's meeting of the city council.

A deserting bluejacket is being searched for by the officers of H. M. S. Amphion.

White granite ware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

Self-polishing stove polish—10 cents per box—at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates Street.

Twenty Chinese will go up to the Yellow Ochre Creek mining claim by the Topeka to-morrow.

The time for receiving tenders for the construction of Lenz & Leiser's new block expires to-day.

Don't forget the concert and dramatic entertainment by the Y. M. I. in Philharmonic Hall this evening.

Self-wringing mop sticks at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates Street.

Stationery at Daley's, 91 Douglas st.

Lawn mowers and tools at Cheapside.

Shelf hardware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

The funeral of the late Robert Stapledon took place afternoon from Hayward's undertaking rooms.

The gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific for the month of April were $1,900,000, an increase of $173,000.

A large number of the Erminie people were photographed in costume yesterday by Messrs. Hall & Lowe.

The New Cotton Pongees, plain colors only, at the City House.

Electro plated ware at R A Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

The New "Indoo" Muslin for Ball and Evening Dresses—White only—at the City House.

The regular monthly meeting of the B. C. Pioneer Society will be held this evening in their new hall, Broad street.

Potatoes have further advanced to $50 per ton, a movement which will, no doubt, cause many people to open their eyes widely.

The parties interested in the Colquitz water claim will hold a conference with the water committee and commissioner to-day.

The fire department held their regular drill last night, responding to a call from box 25, corner of Government and Fisgard streets.

The Islander last evening brought an unusually large number of second-class passengers, besides about forty Chinese ex Batavia.

For Sheffield razors, pocket knives, scissors table cutlery, etc., go to M. & H. A. Fox, 78 Government street.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of interior wall decorations, at John Weiler's 51 to 55 Fort street.

The attention of the sanitary officer is respectfully directed to the remains of two dead dogs, which are a source of annoyance to all passing near the James Bay mud flats.

The burning of a pile of rubbish on the site of the new Canada Western Hotel deluded many last evening, who hastened to the scene expecting to find a disastrous fire raging.

An interesting point of practice, distinguishing between an irregularity and a nullity, has been brought up in the Boscowitz-Belyea case, and will be decided to-day in the supreme court.

Four of the 45 Chinese aboard the Batavia who held their return certificates were found to be frauds. They were released by their friends, who paid the $50 tax.

Take your misfitting suits to the "Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment," there they can be made to fit you at a small cost. Jno. T. Pierre, prop., 96 Yates street.

If you are intending going East, make a note of the C. P. R. excursions and specially fitted colonist sleepers. First-class travel at second-class rates. Robt. Irving, agent.

Mr. A. Caswell, lately of Brockville, Ont., has arrived at Vancouver to take the position just vacated by Mr. Carson as traveling agent of the C. P. R. on the coast.

Among those who received the degree of Bachelor of Law at the recent convocation of Dalhousie College, Halifax, were Frederick William Howay and Richard McBride, of Westminster.

The old fire engine Tiger, No. 2, will soon be in service again, as the several parts needing repair have been disconnected and sent to Spratt & Gray's shops.

The finest line of perfumes, toilet sets and fancy soaps, etc., is to be had at John Teague, jr.'s drug store, Poodle Dog block, Yates street. Prescriptions carefully compounded at any hour of the day or night. Telephone call 469.

The cargo of the Umatilla, due this evening, consists of 852 gallons and 60 cases of wine, 1,601 pounds of butter, 18 cases of brandy, 1,045 pounds of tobacco, 750 bales tin plate, 14,550 pounds of malt, 188 pounds of hops, 100 centals ground barley, etc., valued at $9,814. Also, 51,984 pounds of grease wool for New York, valued at $9,000.

Yesterday afternoon the police were notified of the loss of a black leather pocket book, with an elastic band around it. It contained a cheque for $30 from Pennock & Clayton, payable to C. Minor; also bills amounting to from $50 to $70, a package of order forms for the Gault Bicycle Co., also receipts and some Court plasters.

Old friends will scarcely recognize the Driard presently, except by portions that bear traces of times gone by. The place is in the hands of painter fiends, and everywhere one goes is that ominous sign, "Wet paint." There is a little awkwardness in this, because one has to navigate one's self along a frail plank to the amusement of some good-humored official.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Facts Admitted.

That Pendray's Crescent Stove Polish and Shoe blacking are superior to any in the market.

Next to a Clear Conscience

for solid comfort give us a good fitting shoe. And the best fitting shoes in this city can be obtained at that famous and popular store of Russell, McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

A Donation Worthy of the Donor.

It is the intention of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor to present to the Pioneer Society, of which he is an old and honored member, a complete edition of Chambers' Encyclopædia—a donation as suitable as generous.

The Umatilla's Passengers.

The steamship Umatilla, due from San Francisco, this afternoon, has on board the following passengers for Victoria: J. Krebs, P. Mockler, J. Philon, Matilda Behrens, Mrs. Russell, W. Mockler, Chas. Bach, Amelia Behrens, Mrs. H. Switcher.

U. P. R. Notes.

Free side trips from Shoshone station to either Shoshone Falls or Hailey Hot Springs, both delightful summer resorts, are now afforded by the U. P. R. Co. on all first class single or return tickets from Victoria. Stop over checks will also be issued hereafter on local tickets to points between Farmington and Spokane Falls.

Sons of St. George.

The installation of the local lodge of the Sons of St. George will take place this evening in the Sir William Wallace hall. After the ceremony a cosy little supper will be enjoyed at the Delmonico at which a goodly number is expected to be present.

Real Estate at Port Townsend.

The plat of the Oregon Improvement Company's addition to Port Townsend, adjoining the terminal grounds of the Port Townsend Southern railroad, has been filed for record. Sales will commence by the company at Port Townsend, Thursday, May 15th, at 9 o'clock a.m. 1wk

Saturday Half Holiday.

The Saturday half holiday in all parts of America is becoming recognized, and in this city the movement is gradually making itself felt. The real estate offices and shoe stores now close from 1 to 7 p. m. on Saturdays, and the blacksmiths have decided, after the 17th inst., to follow the example set.

Our American Residents.

The names of all American citizens resident in the province are shortly to be registered in a record kept for the purpose at the U. S. Consulate. This is rendered obligatory by an existing statute, which has, however, been a dead letter formerly. The object is to protect the rights to property of non-resident Americans or their children.

On the Gorge Road.

Construction of the new bridge at the city boundary on the Gorge road commences to-day, and, until the completion of the structure, the road will be closed to traffic. Complaint has been made to the provincial police by a number of residents living on this popular thoroughfare, that it is being made a dumping ground for city garbage. The police are looking into the matter, and if any person is caught depositing refuse on or at the sides of the highway, he will be severely dealt with.

C. P. R. Bonds.

The Canadian Pacific proposes to issue $20,000,000 four per cent. bonds on the Duluth, South Shore, Atlantic and Marquette, Houghton and Ontanogon roads, and guarantee the bonds. It will retire all Marquette, Houghton and Ontanogon bonds and stock, leaving only the Duluth and South Shore Atlantic fives ahead of the fours. It will use the additional money in betterment and some new mileage in the way of spurs. The $1,500,000 Marquette, Houghton and Ontanogon sixes of 1923 may be called in at 105, and $576,209 sixes of 1903 may be paid at par from the proceeds of land sales.

Victim of a Fantasy.

As yet the police have been unable to gain the slightest clue to the identity of the mysterious stranger who under the hallucination of being "the Governor of Alaska" threw himself upon the protection of the American consul on Monday. The man is well-dressed and had money in his pockets when searched at the police station, but not a single shred of paper containing writing. He still clings to his original story—that he is the Governor of Alaska and is pursued by enemies, who wish to kill him in order to gain possession of his vast property. Dr. Milne yesterday paid him a visit, pronounced him insane and ordered him to be cared for for a few days by the police until it could be ascertained who and what he is. He is under the impression that the man's insanity is only temporary.

Presbytery of Columbia.

A pro re nata meeting of the Presbytery was held in the Presbyterian church, Kamloops, on Wednesday afternoon, there being present Revs. J. Chisholm and G. Murray; representative elder D. C. McMorris.

The meeting was called for the purpose of considering the call to Rev. P. F. Langill from the Kamloops congregation.

Rev. J. Chisholm was appointed moderator pro tem and Rev. G. Murray clerk pro tem.

Rev. G. Murray, moderator of session, reported the steps taken in moderation for a pastor, and the result of the meeting. The call, with the signatures of members and adherents, was presented, and the Presbytery sustained the action of Mr. Murray, and also sustained the call to Mr. Langill.

A pro re nata meeting of the Presbytery will be held in St. Andrew's church, Victoria, on Thursday next, the 8th instant, at 3 p. m., for the purpose of considering a call from Nanaimo congregation to Rev. Mr. Kelloch, and arranging and issuing the same; for the appointment of substitute commissiners to the General Assembly; the withdrawal of Dr. Warren, and the supply of the Delta.—Inland Sentinel.

An Early Morning Visitor.

As the night of the 5th inst. was passing away, and people were wrapt in slumber, the busy burglar, who sleeps like the owl, plied his trade on the domicile of Mrs. Abbott, 75 Blanchard street. His burglarship entered the house at the back, by putting up a stick to enable him to reach the kitchen window, whereby he effected an entry into the house, and opened the kitchen door for exit in the orthodox fashion. He seems to have taken but a few clothes which he concealed afterwards under the street side walk. This he seems to have done for his own rather than their safety, for he must have seen that officer Abel was watching him from the opposite street corner. The fellow appears to have been very cunning, as he entirely disarmed the constable's suspicions by walking away very coolly. Thinking something must be wrong he went over where the fellow stooped to secrete the stolen articles, and by the time he reached the spot the midnight visitor had made tracks. The officer then roused the inmates of the house and told them what had happened; the ladies, although much frightened, were very brave. But little sleep was had for the remainder of the night. The case will be one of warning against the too prevalent habit of leaving windows as well as doors of dwelling houses open at night. It simply places temptation in the way, for it can be seen by people accustomed to going home late, with what facility, and security from detection, numbers of houses could be burglarized.

Beyond Controversy.

The largest and finest assortment of Boys' Summer Clothing is to be found at the Golden Rule Clothing Store, 40 Yates street. tf

Pendray's Extract of Soap

is the best compound out, as a washing powder. It works a miracle in the wash tub, and equally good for all purposes where soap is required. Ask your grocer for it.

Along the Docks.

Ship Earl Derby was towed to Port Townsend yesterday morning.

Steamer City of Topeka is due bound for Alaska to-morrow.

Steamer Barbara Boscowitz leaves for the north to-night with good passenger and freight lists.

The Late Mr. Donald McKenzie.

The funeral of the late Mr. Donald McKenzie took place from Mill Mountain ranch yesterday, with a very large attendance. A service was held at the house before the formation of the procession to the grave. The pall bearers were Messrs. W. McDowell, D. McArthur, D. McDonald, R. Bray, R. McCallum, F. O'Niel.

For To-Morrow Evening.

To-morrow evening a thoroughly first-class concert is to be given in the schoolroom of St. John's church, which will be prettily decorated with natural flowers and bright banners for the occasion. The programme will include many gems of vocal music and a number of instrumental novelties, and will be furnished by the best amateur talent in the city.

Contract Let.

Sometime ago it was announced that the Colonial Hotel, on Johnson street, would this year be rebuilt and converted into one of the most comfortable hostelries in the city. The plans for the new Colonial were prepared by Mr. Buttress Trimen, and the contract for its erection was on Monday awarded to A. J. Smith at a figure in the neighborhood of $15,000. Construction will commence at once.

Business Change.

Yesterday the transfer of Mr. Charles Hayward's old established sash and door factory, on Langley street, to Mr. Robert McIntosh, was completed, and the new owner at once assumed possession. He will in future operate the mill to its capacity, in conection with his rapidly growing business as contractor and builder. Mr. Hayward will devote more of his time in future to his undertaking business.

Not Settled Yet.

The verdict given on Monday in the Baxter-Jacobs case does not settle the matter in dispute by any means, but only opens the door to further legal action. The order of dismissal from imprisonment was made returnable in six days, during which appeal might be made. An appeal is to be taken at once, and the case will be thoroughly re-opened. The attorney-general appeals the judgment on behalf of Baxter, and his appeal is opposed by Mr. Belyea and Mr. Helmcken.

Freight and Trade.

The Islander's cargo last night consisted of two carloads flour, one of paper, one of butter, and 42 large cases of opium.

Brackman & Ker have received an order for two tons of British Columbia timothy hay per week from Tacoma.

The Kingston brought a carload of mixed merchandise last evening.

Twenty head of cattle, forming part of a consignment of five cars, were on the Kingston last evening, inwards, for Van Volkenburgh & Bro.

One carload of boiler plate was brought in by the Kingston last evening for the Albion works.

The Y. M. I. Concert.

The Y. M. I. entertainment, which takes place this evening in Philharmonic Hall, will consist of a concert and two-act drama. In the concert the following well-known amateurs have volunteered to take part: Miss R. Burnes, Miss Hyams, Miss Shaw, Miss Fiterre, Miss Bantly, Messrs. Lang, Bantly, Thompson, Murphy and Prof. Kaufman. For the drama, "Down to Bedrock," the following is the cast:—

O'Callaghan	Staff Sergt Mellon
Charles	Mr. J Fitzpatrick
Rivers	Mr. F. H. Lang
Dr. Banks	Mr. C. Wilks
John	Mr. Geo. Tribe
Thomas	Mr. D. Nolan
Mr. Montague	Mrs. C. Wilks
Julia	Miss T. Kerg
Mrs. Banks	Miss A. Roarke

Vancouver's Street Railway.

Two of the cars for the Vancouver street railway have been received from the east. The World says: They are good substantial vehicles, and by all appearances are evidently made to last The builders are the John Stephenson Company, Limited, of New York. Each car is about 16 feet long, including the platforms. The insides are furnished with varnished and perforated seats running along each side, while the floor is covered with slats so as to prevent passengers from slipping. They are well ventilated and lighted, and the regulation straps hang from either side for the use of those who may have to stand while the cars are in motion. Outside, the cars are gaily painted in dark green and white with red and gold stripes and ornamentation. The frieze board at the top is painted green with the words "Vancouver Street Railway" painted in gold.

The Cowichans will Come.

Indian Officer Tom James returned on Monday from Cowichan, where on Sunday he met the chiefs and braves of the tribe in solemn conclave. He laid before them the desirability of their holding their grand tournament of sports in Victoria, where the Queen's son might be a spectator, rather than on the reserve. The proposition was favorably met and gravely discussed, and the assurance was finally given the ambassador from Victoria that the Siwashes would all come, with their sisters and their cousins and their aunts from all sections of the province. The braves anticipate a big time, as 2,000 Indians have promised to accept the invitation of the Cowichan chief to be present. While James was in Cowichan he was also informed that seven canoes from that tribe would enter for the race arranged by the regatta committee. The Indian tournament is to be held on the 24th.

A Very Dull Day.

There was a very elaborate menu provided for yesterday's sitting of the police court, but, as the boy said, "there wasn't nothing in it." A couple of drunks were among the first dishes served up; they were not acceptable, and were removed in the orthodox fashion. Then came the case of John Johnson, on a charge of stealing a watch and chain (produced in court) from Peter Melrose. Johnson looks remarkably like a Norseman for one of his English appellation. The prosecutor was called to give evidence, but on the way to court he had built up a little mental fortification, not quite of the rye(te) sort, and his honor detected it, told him he was "swiped," and commanded him to appear to-day clothed in his right mind and senses. The case was accordingly put off till to-day.

The charge against Manuel, for aggravated assault on the person of Mary, a Cowichan Indian woman, was heard, Mr. S. Perry Mills appearing for the defendant. The case, however, was remanded again till to-day.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Night Telephone Service.

It is not known whether the night operator at the telephone is hypnotised or simply a sound sleeper. Those who weary themselves in a vain effort to rouse him during the night, are willing to believe that he is subject to chronic deafness or some other affliction which prevents their calls being answered.

At Victoria West.

Victoria's western "annex" is enjoying a wealth of evening entertainments at present. Last night there were two on the list. A good minstrel performance was given by the members of the Amateur Dramatic Society in their hall, and a really excellent entertainment was presented in the Episcopalian church. Both were well patronized and the applause awarded those who took part bespoke the appreciation of the audiences.

Good Templars.

At the regular meeting of Perseverance Lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., held last evening, the following officers were installed by Lodge Deputy R. J. Plummer: P. C. T., Sis. S. M. Hall; C. T., Bro. J. Russell; V. T., Sis. N. Sullivan; S. J. T., Sis. M. Fox; Sec., Bro. C. J. Bearchell; A. S., Sis. L. S. Swan; F. S., Sis. M. Robertson; Chap., Bro. F. Gilchrist; M., Bro., C. Thompson; D. M., Sis. J. Carne; G., Sis. M. Menzies; S., Bro. W. Pottinger.

Medical Men Meet.

The Mainland members of the Medical Council of British Columbia, with the exception of Dr. Tunstall, of Kamloops, who cannot on this occasion be present, arrived in the city last night to be present at the meeting of the council, which will be held this afternoon and evening. The afternoon business will consist of the election of officers of the council and the examination of candidates to practice in the province, of which there are four. In the evening, other subjects of interest to the profession in this province will come up for consideration

Political Gossip.

It is understood that at a meeting of the supporters of the government held on Monday evening, the following ticket was decided upon to be brought forward for Victoria City at the approaching Provincial elections: Hon. J. H. Turner, Simeon Duck, Capt. John Irving and Wm. Dalby. Should this be the ticket finally decided upon, it will no doubt prove a strong one, and one hard to defeat in any quarter.

Our evening contemporary has intimated that the premier is looking round for a new constituency, as he dare not show his face in his old district. Should Westminster be guilty of anything so foolish as to discard the premier, he will experience no difficulty in finding another seat.

In a Floating Coffin.

Officer Hunter, of the city police, made a startling discovery yesterday while rowing up the quiet waters of the Arm. When nearly opposite Sayward's saw mill a floating box attracted his attention. He rowed to it, and found that it was securely tied about with cords. This circumstance heightened his curiosity and he lost no time in placing the box upon a convenient boom of logs. He then proceeded to cut the bandages, and on lifting the cover of the box found that it contained the partially decomposed body of a very young infant. He hastily returned the cover to its place, and brought the body to the city, where it was taken in charge by the provincial officers within whose jurisdiction it was found. Coroner Morrison will probably hold an inquest upon the body to-day.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

LACROSSE.

A meeting was held in the Y.M.C.A. rooms last evening for the purpose of organizing a lacrosse club, composed of juniors only, to be known as the Victoria Junior Lacrosse Club. The election of officers being proceeded with, the following were chosen to direct the affairs of the club for the first year of its existence: J. W. Grier, president; W. G. Leddingham, vice-president; J. G. Miller, secretary; George Tite, treasurer: C. Cullin, captain. Committee of management—F. Smith, J.C. McNeil, and C. Moore. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays were selected as practice days, and blue and white was decided upon as the club colors. It was decided to challenge the Vancouver Juniors at once, and a match will in all probability be arranged during the Queen's Birthday celebration here.

THE RING.

Jack Dempsey, the champion middle-weight pugilist, with Paddy Gorman and Dave Campbell of Portland, are now visiting Puget Sound, giving exhibitions. They will play Victoria and other B. C. towns before going south.

William Muldoon, who is now in Chicago, when asked if he would train Sullivan for his match with Jackson, said: "I cannot say at present. I will not take him unless I can win with him, and I can't find out if he can be got into condition. If I take him I shall make the same arrangements as in the previous fight, namely, that I shall have absolute control of him, arranging his hours, food, etc., and dictating who should see him and who not. I like Sullivan, but I do not like the crowd that follows him. If I train him I shall go to California and get quarters in some secluded spot near San Francisco and fix him there."

THE WRESTLERS.

SEATTLE SPORTS DONE UP.

SEATTLE, May 7.—J. R. Smith, a sportively inclined young man, has always considered Wrestler Cameron his friend. On the afternoon of the day that Cameron had his last match with W. D. Quinn, Smith was looking for an opportunity to invest. Smith met Cameron at the Russ hotel and asked him how he should bet. Cameron informed him to place all his spare cash upon himself and gave him $20 to bet for him. Smith added $45 to this amount, and went to Barkeeper McKinnon, of the Russ, who covered the money and was all wed to act as stake-holder.

The guests of the house soon learned that a dead sure tip was in their vicinity, and several of them wagered various amounts that Cameron would be the victor. J. D. Sagemiller, a gentleman of leisure, also placed some money in McKinnon's hands. Smith was uneasy all the afternoon of that day. He hunted Cameron up, but the latter assured him that everything was all right. The match had been fixed up for himself to win. To prove what he said, Cameron pulled from his pocket a letter which he had received from Quinn at Victoria. This missive stated: "I shall be perfectly satisfied with any arrangements you might make."

Smith, when he had seen this epistle, induced more of his friends to place their money on Cameron. That night all of the "sure thingers" went in a body to see Quinn easily defeated by his stronger opponent, but when Quinn won they were wild, claiming to have been sold out.

Sagemiller saw Cameron next day and called him all manner of names in the sitting-room of the hotel. Cameron had also given him $20 to bet upon himself. The latter denied that he acted treacherously. Smith then told McKinnon under no circumstances to pay the stakes. The barkeeper, however, refused to act upon this suggestion, and claims to have paid the money to the winners.

Smith has placed the case in the hands of Lawyer M. E. Clare, and the latter filed papers this afternoon for the recovery of the $45. Sagemiller, who is an old man, states he is willing to lose the money which he wagered, especially since he told Cameron what he thought of him. John Cort is not suspected of having had anything to do with "squaring" the match.

Mr. Smith says he will spend a great deal more than the amount in dispute to recover the money out of which he thinks he has been done.

BASEBALL.

In the game at Tacoma on Monday, between the Seattles and Tacomas, the latter won by a score of 13 to 12. The contest was a peculiar one. The victors batted the ball all over the diamond and frequently over the fence, making sixteen base hits, two home runs and three two-baggers. On the other hand they erred eleven times at critical moments, and this made the game close with their more even playing opponents. The game was a batting contest, and a brilliant play followed nearly every bad one. Following is the score by innings:

Tacoma	3	3	0	3	2	1	0	1	0	—13
Seattle	6	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	—12

The Seattle and Tacomas were to play a return game yesterday. Manager Lucas, of the Tacomas, has signed March, pitcher for the Kamloops, and he will pitch in Thursday's game with the Seattles.

The Port Townsend baseball club played Sunday with the Snohomish club. The score was: Port Townsend, 14; Snohomish, 3. One home run was made by Snohomish. Lange, catcher for the Townsends, played a great game, having scarcely an error.

HERE AND THERE.

A meeting of members of the Y. M. C. A. interested in the formation of a boating club in connection with the association, was held last night in the large hall at the rooms, Broad street, when there was a fairly representative attendance of members. After some discussion a resolution to the effect that a boating club should be at once formed was carried unanimously, and a committee was appointed to look into the matter of membership, boat house and boats, etc, and report to a general meeting to be held in the beginning of next week. The meeting then adjourned.

The Wellington and Nanaimo baseball nines crossed bats for the first time on Saturday, when the Wellingtons were victors by a score of 4 to 20.

McLean & Stewart, who received the contract for the bicycle club's uniforms, have ordered them complete from the east. The suits are to be of the regulation navy blue—military caps, Norfolk jackets, knickerbockers, blue stockings and low shoes.

This year's uniforms for the lacrosse boys are expected this week, and there will probably be a practice match at the hill on Saturday.

THE OPERA.

The "Erminie" Benefit to Prof. Pferdner a Great Success.

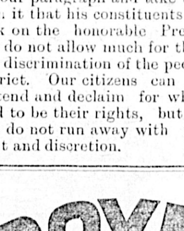
Mr. E. Pferdner well deserved the compliment tendered him last evening, and the public evidently thought so, for a crowded house greeted the third performance of "Erminie" by the amateurs. A detailed reference to the performance is unnecessary, though it was probably the best of the three, the performers having become well acquainted with their parts, and the chorus singing being specially good. Special mention should be made of the spirited manner in which Mr. Kent rendered the song "All for Glory," in the first act. The charming way in which Miss Shaw acted and sang "Woman's Dress," for which she received two encores; Miss Heathfield also sang well though afflicted with a cold, while her interpretation of the character was exceptionally good. Messrs. Rhodes and Lombard made, as usual, exceedingly amusing rascals. Baskets of flowers were presented to Miss Heathfield, Miss Shaw and Miss Victoria Heathfield by admiring friends. Altogether the pretty opera was well presented, and is a credit to all concerned.

A MAINLAND OPINION.

(Westminster Truth.)

The Victoria Times says that the government has asked the collectors of votes to forward their lists by June 1st, and concludes from that that the general elections will come off on or about July 1st, or possibly a little earlier. The same paper also intimates that the premier will likely stand for Comox, or at least that it looks as if he were "going to forsake his former friends in New Westminster." But the straws of intelligence on which the Times bases these conjectures really do not indicate very much. Why should there be such haste in bringing off the elections? It must be apparent that the government has something to gain and nothing to lose by delay. The flutter of redistribution excitement on the Lower Fraser is not likely to wax with the passing moons. And why should the honorable Premier go back on his old constituents? We judge it quite unlikely that he will do anything of the kind. Why, Mr. Times, if you intend that your readers shall reverse the terms of your paragraph and take the meaning from it that his constituents have gone back on the honorable Premier, then you do not allow much for the prudence and discrimination of the people of this district. Our citizens can argue and contend and declaim for what they regard to be their rights, but their feelings do not run away with their judgment and discretion.

ROYAL



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"Tales of Western Life," By H. R. A. Pocock, for sale by Gill & Co., Broad-street, 25c.

SIX FEET THIS TIME.

An Interesting Property Case Heard Yesterday in the Supreme Court.

The six inches of land case, which will again come up for adjudication this morning, was yesterday supplanted in the attention of the court by an exactly similar action in which the amount of land in dispute was six feet instead of six inches. Mr. Van Lakeren, the owner of the property at the corner of Douglas and Yates streets, claimed that Mr. Turner, who is building on the adjoining lots along Douglas street, and having also a frontage on View, was encroaching on his (Van Lakeren's) land, to the extent of six feet.

Through Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmcken he accordingly applied to Mr. Justice Drake for an injunction to restrain Turner from building or occupying what he alleged was not his land. The application was opposed through Mr. F. G. Walker. Several surveys were made, and the injunction was finally refused, the evidence carrying most weight being an old fence which has marked the line as Turner understood it, since 1860. Possession for 30 years in this case prove the nine points of the law.

Dr. Child's Pile Ointment quickly relieves and cures. $1 of druggists. Wholesale agents, Langley & Co., Victoria. mr30-3m

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FOR SALE OR TO LET,

The best equipped FURNITURE FACTORY in the Province, most advantageously situated for shipping, on Laurel Point, suitable for any manufacturing purpose.

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(Different shades.)

With handles of—

Imitation of Carved Ebony, Black Rubber, natural wood carved, with metal mountings, celluloid, etc.

These are a line of SAMPLES THAT WE PURCHASED AT A DISCOUNT, and, in addition to being good value, enable purchasers to have a large assortment to choose from—no two being alike.

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J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
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Highest Cash Prices Paid for

FOWL BAY

IRVING & JOHNSTON
—AND—
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

Will offer for sale in a few days,

150

Lots and Half-Acre Blocks, Cleared, and the greater part under cultivation.

The above splendid property is situated on Fowl Bay, which is pronounced the finest beach and most beautiful bathing resort on Vancouver Island. Sheltered from the prevailing winds by Gonzales Hill, and commanding a fine view of the American shore, with the snow-clad Olympic Range in the distance. Arrangements have been made with the property holders in the neighbourhood to widen the principal thoroughfare, in order to enable the Tramway Co. to extend their line to that point and to connect with their system on Fort street. my2

CHINA AND JAPAN
FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of celebrated Embroidered Silk Gowns, Shawls, Screens, Etc.; Also Porcelain, Satsuma, Cloisanne, Bronze, Ivory, Sandalwood and Opium. Rice. Tea. Sugar.

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A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Summer Jackets, Wraps and Dusters,

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS,

All Stylish Goods and Excellent Value.

WANTED, for the Dressmaking Department, first-class Bodice and Skirt workers.

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May 7th, 1890.

SPENCER'S ARCADE

12 Cases New Goods.

Ladies' Silk and Mohair Dust Cloaks, from $4.00 to $25.00
Ladies' Silk, Zephyr and Flannel Blouses.
Children's White Embroidered Dresses, all sizes.

NEW SUNSHADES AND PARASOLS.

D. SPENCER,
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W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Have now a complete stock of Men's and Boy's Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., for Winter wear.

A large assortment of CHRISTY'S Hats in the new styles, Mackintoshes and Umbrellas.

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QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY

1819 1890

CELEBRATION

AND RECEPTION

To Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught.

AT VICTORIA, B. C.

THREE DAYS

May 22nd, 23rd and 24th

INTERNAT'L BASEBALL MATCHES, LACROSSE MATCH, ATHLETIC SPORTS, FOOT RACES, WRESTLING BY 15 JAPS, Manœuvering by H. B. M. Torpedo Boats. And Explosion of Submarine Mine.

SAILING RACES.

Regatta on Victoria Arm.

TWO DAYS HORSE RACING,

BICYCLE RACES.

To conclude with a

GRAND ILLUMINATION

And Lantern Parade of the Bicycles.

Return Tickets on all Railway and Steamboat lines at Single Fare.

PRIZES, - $5,000.00

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S. PERRY MILLS, Hon. Secretary.
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For particulars see programmes. my5

ANNIVERSARY ENTERTAINMENT.

Young Men's Institute, No. 85,
WILL HOLD A

CONCERT

AND DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT

AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,

—ON—

Wednesday Evening, May 7th.

TICKETS, 50c. my2-td

THE LADIES AID SOCIETY
—OF—
ST. JOHN'S CHURCH
INTEND HOLDING
A CONCERT

In the Sunday School Rooms on Herald Street, on

Thursday next, the 8th of May.

Refreshments will be served during the evening. Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cts. ap29

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—CONSISTING OF—

18-WONDERFUL CHINESE-18
BASEBALL PLAYERS.

In Full Chinese Uniform.

Willi play an exhibition game at the CALEDONIAN GROUNDS

—ON—

Saturday, May 10th, 1890

Roars of Laughing from the beginning to the end.

Doors open at 2 p.m., game called at 3. Good music in attendance. Seating accommodation provided.

GENERAL ADMISSION, - 25c.
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